



Integrating Career Readiness into Student Onboarding and Advising

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@Completecollege



HOW ARE STUDENTS CHOOSING MAJORS? #PurposeFirst



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36% would choose a different major

Strada-Gallup, 2017

How many times have you changed majors during your undergraduate degree?

Never changed

Only once

2-3 times

4-5 times

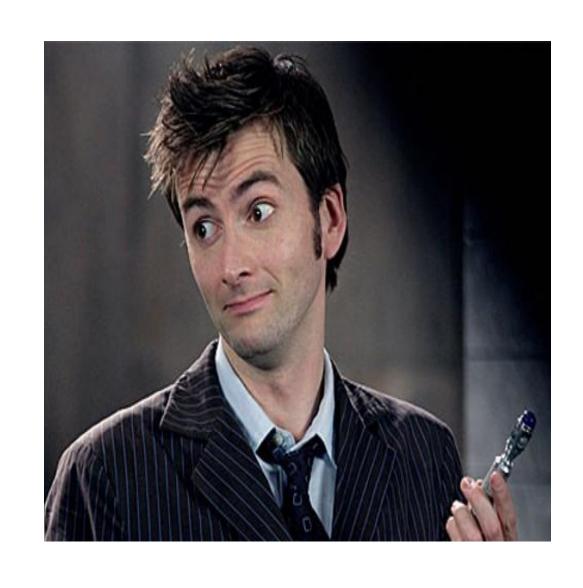
Different major every week

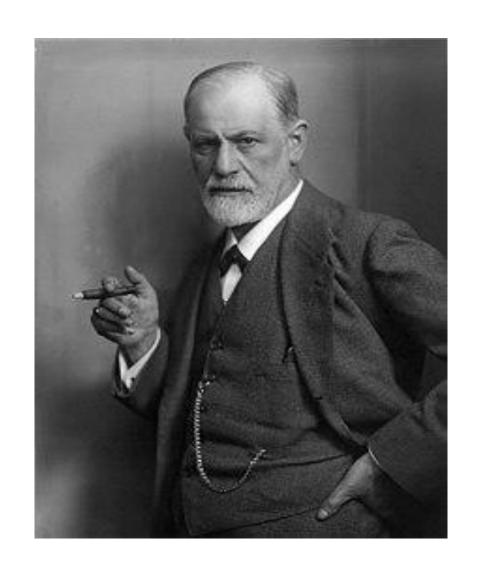












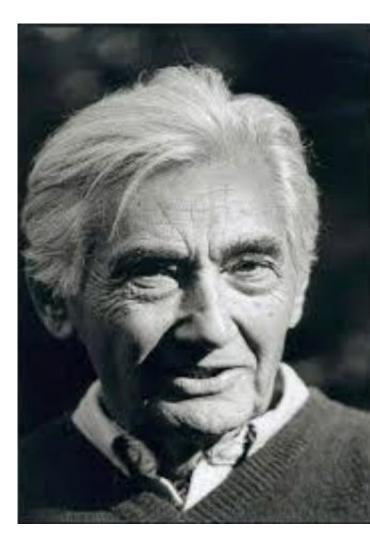






Insert Picture
of Famous
Occupational
Therapist Here

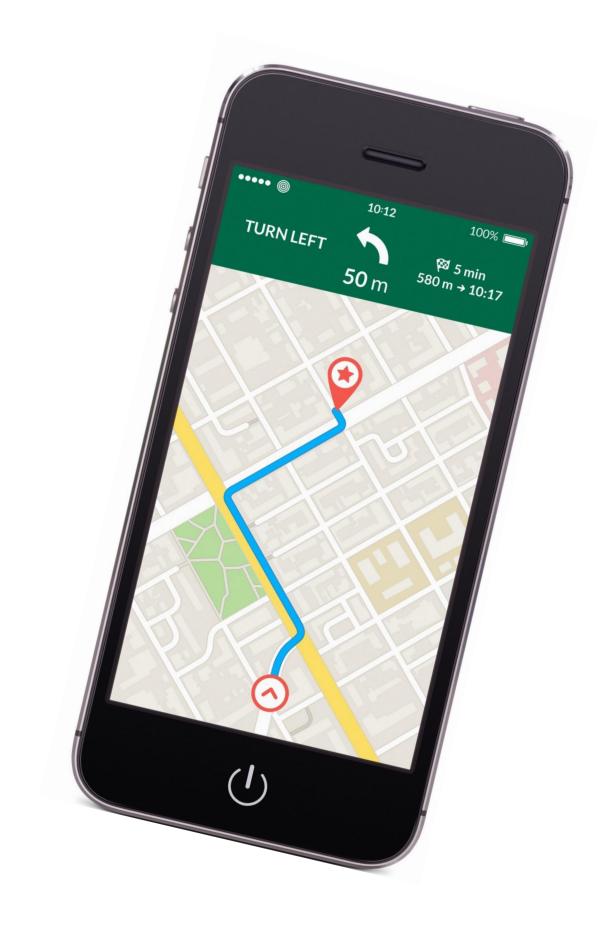






ACADEMIC MAPS AND GUIDED PATHWAYS ARE NOT ENOUGH

Having a direct route is important, but you first have to know where you are and where you want to go.



What information do students need to make informed decisions about their degrees/careers?



PURPOSE MATTERS

Students thrive when their "why" is clear. Institutions must actively engage with students to define their clear purpose and align the college experience to each student's goals for the future.

Uninformed decisions about majors → major changes/dropouts

Imbalanced representation in majors → reinforce social inequities

Changing perception on value of college → for-profit or industry certificates

Uneven information about careers → under or insecure employment

Institutions cannot afford to leave students to their own devices and to undertake this exploration to chance.

PURPOSE MATTERS

Uninformed decisions about purpose...

- Too many major options
- Little alignment with interests and values
- Little understanding of career implications

...lead to significant negative impact on student outcomes

- Major-switching
- Excess credits
- Longer time-to-degree
- Extra costs

- "Some college, no degree"
- Unsuccessful career
 launch
- Persistent institutional performance gaps

PURPOSE MATTERS

More than 39 million

Americans have enrolled in college and left without receiving a degree or other credential over the last 20 years.

(NSC Research Center, 2022)

58%

of students say getting a good job is their primary motivation for pursuing an education.

(Gallup-Strada, 2018)

Largest wage gaps

are between those employed in their field of study and those who were not.

(Research Institute Dallas College, 2022)

63%

More likely to value their education if they understand the relevance of their courses and degree to their career.

(National Association of Student Financial Aid Administrators, 2018)

African Americans & Latinx are underrepresented

in the fastest-growing, highest-paying occupations: STEM, health, and business.

(Carnevale, Fasules, Porter, Landis-Santos, 2016 & Carnevale, Porter, Landis-Santos, 2015)

58%

of students believe colleges put their own interests before those of their students.

(New America, 2017)

When & how does your institution introduce careers to students?





Supporting students in developing a sense of career purpose prior to making a significant decision about their major.



STAKEHOLDERS

Successfully supporting students in developing a sense of career purpose requires commitment and collaboration from numerous stakeholders.

- ✓ K-12 Sector
- Admissions Officers
- Academic Advisors
- ✓ Student Affairs Professionals
- ✓ Career Services Professionals
- ✓ Faculty Members
- ✓ Enrollment Management
- ✓ Employers



SHARED BELIEFS

Higher education should be a launching pad toward a meaningful career, empowering students with the knowledge to make informed choices, the structures to explore available opportunities, and the tools needed for success.

Career exploration and planning must be intentional and start early in the educational experience.

States, systems and institutions must **build a culture** of purpose across all tiers in higher education.











COLLEGE, ON PURPOSE

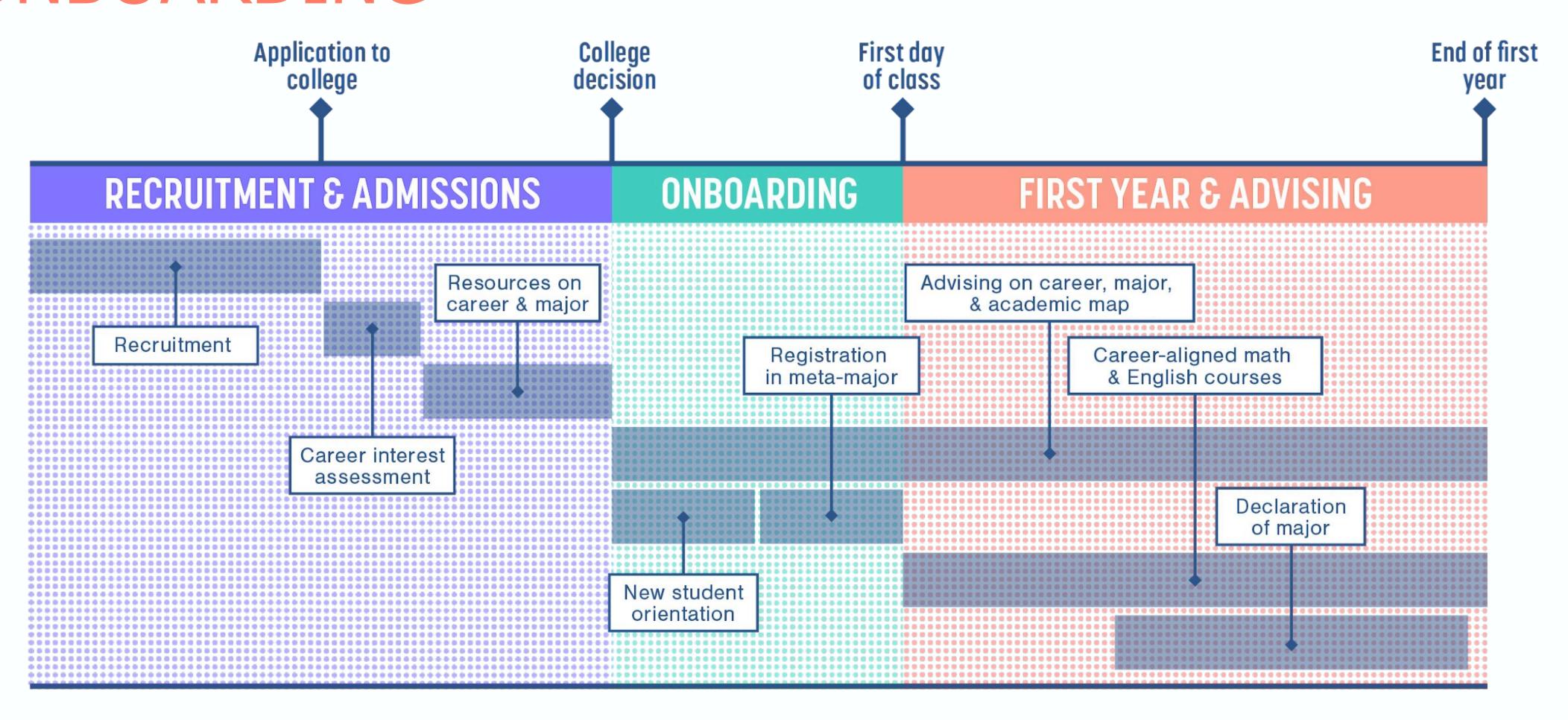
The evidence indicates that a sense of purpose is critical to ensuring that a credential pays dividends. Institutions much provide opportunities and tools for students to examine their own interests, skills, and passions.

Purpose First integrates best practices to create a seamless onboarding experience designed to ensure students identify their interests, explore possible careers and understand important job market data that could impact their financial futures.

Successful implementation requires coordinated and intentional efforts across the institution and must take into consideration workforce demands.



THE PURPOSE FIRST EXPERIENCE - ONBOARDING



BEST PRACTICES (ONBOARDING - COLLEGE)

INSTITUTIONAL CULTURE

- Collect data on undeclared majors and on the frequency and number of major changes
- Establish institution-wide working group focused on Purpose First (faculty, administration, student support professionals, and students)
- Encourage students to participate in campus activities that build skills and connect to future careers

RECRUITING, ADMISSIONS & ONBOARDING

- ✓ Administer early interest assessments
- ✓ Integrate career exploration with orientation

CAREER EXPLORATION

- ✓ Provide technology that empowers the process
- ✓ Provide labor-market data and in-depth career information
- Connect with regional employers to identify future high-demand jobs and skills

ACADEMIC STRUCTURES

- ✓ Offer meta-majors
- ✓ Integrate experiential learning and co-curricular experiences in academic maps

FIRST YEAR & BEYOND

- ✓ Require students to connect with academic and career advisors
- Include a career exploration assignment in required College Success course

OUTCOMES

- Better understanding of career connection to major
- ✓ Earlier enrollment in program of study
- ✓ Greater credit completion in program of study

- ✓ Increased major stability
- Reduced opportunity gaps

Houston Community College saw a 542% increase in the number of career coach assessments and a resulting

82.8% decrease in undeclared majors

By incorporating career assessment tools prior to registration,

25% of incoming first-year students changed majors

(EAB)

By incorporating labor-market data and matching interests and ability, Baker College dropped program changes by enrollment from 26.1%

(MyMajors)

to 13.9%

(from Spring 2018 to Spring 2019)

DEEPENING PRACTICE

Because equity is in the details

How might culture affect a student's beliefs about possible career opportunities?

What unique challenges do 1st generation students face when thinking about their career?

CAREER EXPLORATION

What barriers will students of color face in the job market?

How does college affordability affect ROI for low-income students? How do we address economic mobility?

INSTITUTIONAL POLICY



III. PROCEDURE

- A. At time of admission, students who select "degree-seeking" on their application must choose their area of interest. Any new degree or program would be added into an existing meta-major category by the Curriculum committee in consultation with the relevant department chair. The Curriculum Committee will review the meta-major categories and structure upon request from department chairs or Faculty Senate.
- B. CSN will provide resources for students to explore their meta-major and identify their specific major.
- C. A registration hold is placed on a student's account for courses beyond the first fifteen college-level credit hours if a specific major has not been declared. To remove the hold the student has to declare a major.
- D. A student may change their major at any time. However, processed declaration of major changes become official and reflect on the student's record on the first day of the next semester following submission.

NEW PROACTIVE ADVISING MODEL



Mandatory Checkpoint #1: Orientation/Transition to College

Mandatory Orientation Required for students.*

Students will be introduced to CSN programs, policies, resources

Declare Area of Study or Major

Academic Advisor based on area of study within 2 weeks of the start of the academic term

Create an Academic Plan with an Academic Advisor

Core Function: Encourage student development through active campus engagement Mandatory Checkpoint #2: 15 Completed Credit Hours

Meet with an Academic Advisor to complete tasks:

Declare Major

Review Academic Plan

15

Mandatory Checkpoint #3: 30 Completed Credit Hours

Meet with an Academic Advisor to complete tasks:

> Plan transfer to college/university

Career Guidance

45

30

Mandatory Checkpoint #4: 45 Completed Credit Hours

Meet with an Academic Advisor to complete tasks:

Career Development (CTE and AAS Majors)

Graduation Planning

Graduation

Core Function: Strategic academic planning Core Function: Major clarification and continued academic planning Core Function: Ensure a smooth transition to college/university or career

40

ONBOARDING PROCESS



Starting on the Path

- Application Process
- Career Assessment
- New Student Orientation

Integrating Career Advising in the Enrollment Process

- Identify Resources
- Identify Online Career Tool
- Integrating Career Placement with Academic Advising

Experiential/
Workplace Learning

Curriculum Integration

FIRST-YEAR EXPERIENCE



- ✓ All FTIC students are required to enroll in FYE course
 - specific course for Health Sciences majors
- Course includes Experiential Learning Activity
 - Job shadowing
 - Career Fairs
 - Career Research
 - Service Learning
- Includes Career Assessment (Emsi's Career Coach)
- All students on a completion pathway by area of study





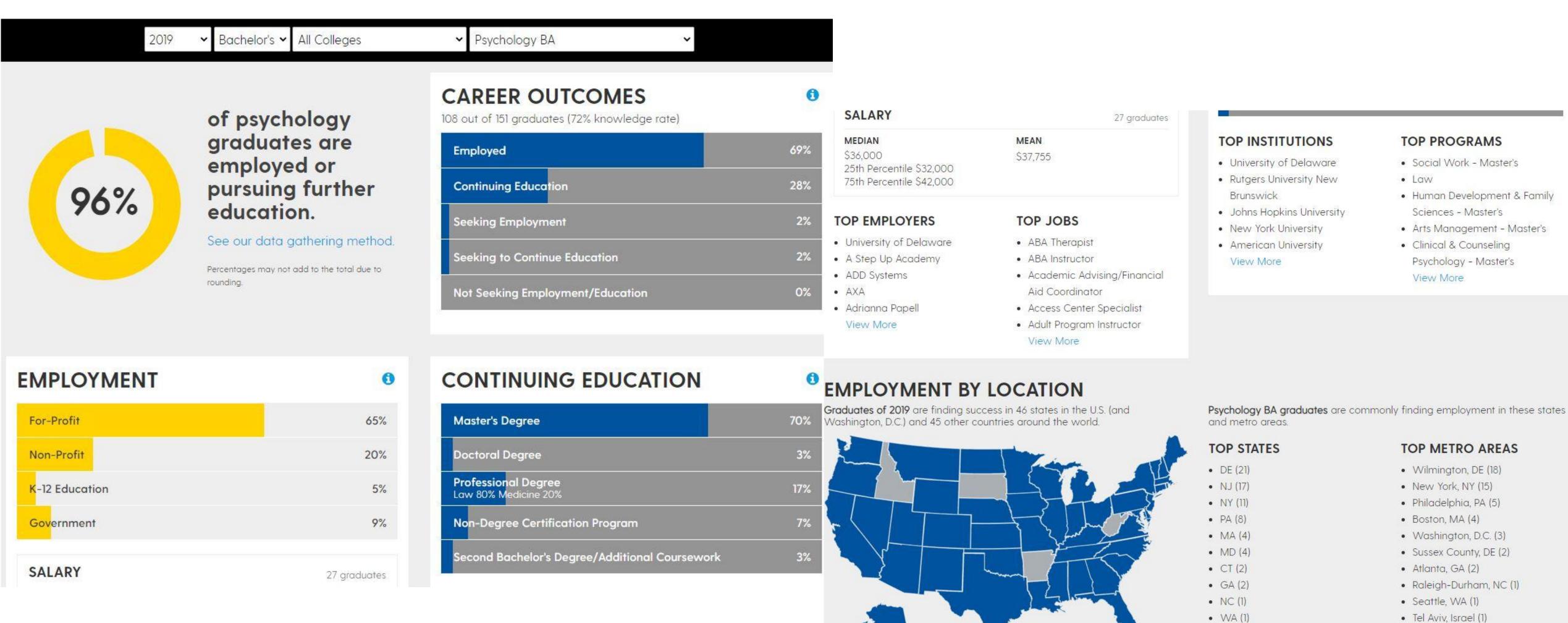
In UH's College Success course, we looked at data for all of the different degrees offered and their associated careers. It's nice to see what's most in demand now and what will be in demand in ten years. I realized accounting is what I want to do, and seeing the numbers helped me to know it's something I can do and that I'll be able to find a job.

MONICA HERNANDEZ

University of Houston ('19, Accounting and Finance)

SUCCESS INFORMATION





https://www.udel.edu/apply/career-outcomes/



INFORMATION

Course/Program

Assignment/Activity

Author

Additional Text



Global/Intercultural Fluency

recognize, build, and appraise arguments create and implement action plans analyze visual data conduct academic and archival research mine and analyze data create and implement solutions to crises/problems identify errors in reasoning provide useful summaries/precis

APPLIED

How intentional are you in incorporating career discussions in advising?



BEST PRACTICES (K12-COLLEGE)

- ✓ Institute Individual Career Academic Plan (ICAP) requirement for all students to engage in academic and career development activities https://www.okedge.com/educators/implementing-the-icap/
- ✓ Make FAFSA completion a high school graduation requirement
- ✓ Have regional colleges share dual enrollment/AP/IB course equivalencies and where these courses fit within programs of study
- Communicate with all regional high schools about meta-majors and math pathways
- ✓ Make interest and career assessments available to high school students
- ✓ Hold regular meetings between college and high school representatives to ensure constant communication about policy and practice changes

BEST PRACTICES (COLLEGE-WORK)

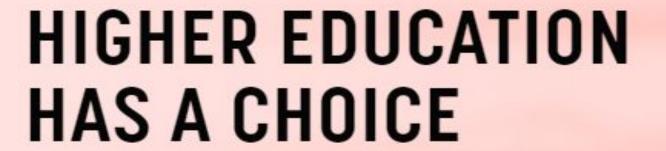
- Connect with regional employers across disciplines and ask them to highlight desired competencies for their fields (share these findings with faculty and students)
- ✓ Integrate experiential learning in every major (preferably paid!)
- ✓ Include career competencies on syllabus
- ✓ Include career outcomes on academic maps + labor/market data on website
- ✔ Provide opportunities for regional employers to be involved: panels, apprenticeships, guest lectures, hosting classes on sites, instructors' externships, field trips
- ✓ Connect with alumni to share early career experiences/Mentoring opportunities
- ✓ Communicate clearly with employees around tuition assistance/reimbursement programs
- Showcase value proposition of equitable hiring and racial employment representation in statewide higher education agenda

In your area, what tangible action can you make to get started with Purpose First?





See what you've missed



Explore the unique role we each play in reshaping policy, perspective, and practice for our nation's students.

We can either reflect the racial, social, and economic injustices of society—or we can be an engine of equity, prosperity, and hope. At CCA, we're building a new system that restores the promise of higher education.

of community college students graduate in two years

of today's undergraduates are older than 25

increase in credentials and degrees awarded by the CCA Alliance since 2015

http://completecollege.org

QUESTIONS @CompleteCollege

https://completecollege.org/purposefirst/

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