BACKGROUND

Section 36.11(22)(b), Wis. Stats., requires the Board of Regents to report annually to the Chief Clerk of each house of the Legislature on the methods each UW System institution uses to disseminate information to students on sexual assault and sexual harassment. The law requires UW System institutions to incorporate into their new student orientation programs oral and written information on sexual assault and sexual harassment, including information on:

- the legal definitions and penalties for sexual assault, sexual exploitation by a therapist, and sexual harassment;
- generally available national, state, and campus statistics on sexual assault, including statistics on assaults by acquaintances of the victims;
- the rights of victims and the services available to assist a student who is a victim; and
- protective behaviors, including methods of recognizing and combatting sexual assault and sexual harassment.

In addition, each institution must annually supply to all enrolled students material that includes information on all of the above topics.

Further, Section 36.11(22), Wis. Stats., requires that each UW institution annually report to the Wisconsin Department of Justice statistics on sexual assaults and on sexual assaults by acquaintances of the victims that were reported to the Dean of Students on each campus during the previous year. Section 36.11(22)(c), Wis. Stats., also requires all university employees who witness a sexual assault on campus or receive a report from a student enrolled in the institution that the student has been sexually assaulted shall report to the Dean of Students. The Dean of Students then compiles various reports for the purpose of disseminating statistical information. UW System Administration requires UW institutions to put in place processes to be certain that members of the university community know where to make reports and that these reports are forwarded to the Senior Student Affairs Officer or designee for compilation. To ensure that all faculty and staff are informed of this requirement, each employee is provided written notification of the reporting obligations for sexual assault on an annual basis.
DISCUSSION

For this report, each UW institution provided to the UW System information on the methods used in 2018 to disseminate information to students on sexual assault and sexual harassment. In addition, each institution submitted examples of best practices in programming or services that assist student survivors of sexual assault or harassment and that offer education or training in protective behaviors and sexual violence prevention. The summaries provided do not include every event, program, or initiative related to sexual assault at an institution. Rather, they indicate programs and services identified by the institution as notable efforts during the previous year.

All UW institutions are required to comply with the requirements of the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, also known as the Clery Act, a federal law that requires institutions of higher education to have in place security and safety policies, and to disclose certain crime statistics. The Clery Act also identifies certain staff, faculty, and students as “Campus Security Authorities” (CSAs) and requires that they forward statistical reports of crimes to designated offices on campus. The Clery Act was amended in 2013 to expand the list of crimes tracked and to broaden the rights and resources to which victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking are entitled. The Clery Act further requires campuses to distribute timely crime warnings regarding crimes that represent a serious continuing threat to the safety of students or employees. The Annual Security and Fire Safety Reports contain most of the information also required by 36.11(22)(b), Wis. Stats., and are available on each institution’s website and on the UW-HELP website at: http://uwhelp.wisconsin.edu/finding/campussafety.aspx. As part of the Clery Act, institutions must submit an Annual Security and Fire Safety Report (ASR) to the U.S. Department of Education, available at: http://ope.ed.gov/security/.

RELATED REGENER POLICIES

Regent Policy Document 14-2, Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment

Regent Policy Document 14-3, Equal Opportunities in Education: Elimination of Discrimination Based on Gender

Regent Policy Document 14-6, Discrimination, Harassment, and Retaliation

Regent Policy Document 14-8, Consensual Relationships

Regent Policy Document 23-1, Basic Health Module
Section 36.11(22)(a)(1, 2), Wis. Stats., requires institutions to supply to all newly enrolled students during orientation, in oral and printed form, information on sexual assault and sexual harassment, including information on sexual assault by acquaintances of the victims. The same information in printed or electronic form must be shared with all enrolled students. The information includes the following:

a) The legal definitions of, and penalties for, sexual assault under 940.225, 948.02, 948.025, 940.22 and 947.013, Wis. Stats.

b) Generally available national, state, and campus statistics, compiled by the Senior Student Affairs Officer or designee, on sexual assaults and on sexual assaults by acquaintances of the victims.

c) The rights of victims under 950, Wis. Stats., and the services available at the institution or college campus and in the community to assist a student who is the victim of sexual assault or sexual harassment.

d) Protective behaviors, including methods of recognizing and combating sexual assault and sexual harassment and locations in the community where courses on protective behaviors are provided.

This report summarizes the breadth of innovative programs and services used by each institution to comply with 36.11(22)(a)(1), Wis. Stats.

As part of their compliance with the statute and their educational mission, UW System institutions are: (1) continually updating and improving the scope and quality of information provided to students; (2) integrating presentations, small group discussions, and interactive dramatizations relating to sexual violence into new student orientation programs; (3) providing the educational and resource information required by 36.11(22), Wis. Stats., on the web or in print form; (4) offering educational programs addressing the topic in a wide range of venues, including: residence halls, student unions, classrooms, student organization gatherings, and private housing facilities; and (5) establishing effective and important connections among campus Dean of Students staff, residence hall staff, on-campus police and security, counseling and health personnel, local police, community service agencies, and regional hospitals to address sexual violence in a coordinated manner.

Sexual violence is a widespread social and health problem. Sexual violence on college campuses and in communities can include: rape, incest, child sexual assault, ritual abuse, statutory rape, marital or partner rape, sexual exploitation, sexual contact, and sexual
harassment. It happens to people of all ages, races, genders, sexual orientations, religions, professions, incomes, and ethnicities. Nearly 1 in 5 women and 1 in 71 men are victims of rape. Nationally, an estimated 32.3% of multiracial women, 27.5% of American Indian/Alaska Native women, 21.2% of non-Hispanic black women, 20.5% of non-Hispanic white women, and 13.6% of Hispanic women were raped during their lifetimes (Black et al., 2011).

According to the 2015 Association of American Universities (AAU) Campus Climate Survey on Sexual Assault and Sexual Misconduct, the incidence of sexual assault and sexual misconduct due to physical force, threats of physical force, or incapacitation among female undergraduate student respondents at 27 schools nationwide was 23.1%.

Rates of sexual assault are highest among undergraduate females and those identifying as transgender, genderqueer, non-conforming, questioning, and as something not listed on the survey (TGQN). According to the AAU Survey, 16.5% of seniors experienced sexual contact involving penetration or sexual touching as a result of physical force or incapacitation. Senior females (26.1%) and those identifying as TGQN (29.5%) are, by far, the most likely to experience this type of victimization. Senior males are subject to much smaller risk (6.3%).

Sexual violence has a profound and life-long effect on its victims/survivors, placing them at increased risk for compromised economic, health and social outcomes. Apart from mental health issues, new research is documenting that sexual violence has an effect on a broad spectrum of physical health, including the development of addictive behaviors, and decreased productivity, chronic disease, sexual health, and unhealthy behavior choices that may further increase risk for disease and early death. For communities, the cost includes increased health care and law enforcement costs (WCASA, 2009).

The UW System is working toward creating a climate free of sexual violence, both in campus communities and throughout the state. This work goes beyond fulfilling the legislative mandate of § 36.11(22), Wis. Stats., with which the UW System has been in compliance since its enactment in 1990. The UW System Administration works collaboratively with all UW institutions to provide ongoing support and guidance to campus service providers.

INSTITUTIONAL SUMMARIES

Higher Education institutions use a range of approaches in an effort to understand the problem, educate students, encourage reporting, and change behaviors in order to prevent incidents of sexual violence and sexual harassment. UW System institutions are working on


reducing the risk of sexual violence through efforts that promote safety, respect, equality, and accountability. UW System prevention efforts also aim to stop sexual violence before it occurs in order to create campus communities where everyone is treated with respect and equality. This is done by promoting safe behaviors, thoughtful policies, and healthy relationships and by educating students about the connection between all forms of oppression (i.e. racism, sexism, and homophobia).

The following institutional programming summaries present examples of the range of strategies, including: providing educational programming on what constitutes sexual assault; training students to identify high-risk situations and danger signals within relationships; educating students on the relationship between alcohol and sexual assault; offering alcohol-free programming; building connections with community prevention/response agencies and local police; actively encouraging reporting by victims following a sexual assault; and establishing reporting/investigative processes that do not re-victimize those who have been sexually assaulted.

**UW-Eau Claire**

Each year UW-Eau Claire presents information regarding Wis. Stat. Section 36.11(22) in an online publication called *Your Right To Know*. The publication contains extensive information on the student Right to Know and Campus Security Act. Additionally, information is provided regarding sexual assault, dating/domestic violence, stalking, and where/how to obtain assistance and help in case of emergencies; national, state and local Uniform Crime Report statistics; and information required under Wis. Stat. Section 940.225. The publication is also emailed to all students during the first week of classes each semester by the Vice Chancellor of Student Affairs.

UW-Eau Claire recently added the distribution of an online educational module from Campus Clarity called *Think About It Campus Save* to incoming new, transfer, and graduate students. The program, which contains essential campus specific information regarding investigation, interim measures, due process, campus/community resources available to students, and bystander intervention and prevention, is now a requirement for all new incoming students as well as students that started at the university before the training was required. Originally, students were not required to complete the program, but were strongly advised to do so. This semester students who did not complete the training by the deadline had a hold placed on their account preventing them from being able to register for spring classes. Taking the step of placing holds on students’ accounts and the work of many offices coming together to get students to complete the training resulted in a 99.8% completion rate.

Additionally, all entering students receive verbal and written information on campus safety and campus policies, programs, and services regarding sexual assault at orientation. Orientation assistants, who must attend a two-hour training on alcohol, sexual assault, and sexual harassment issues given by the Center for Awareness of Sexual Assault and the Office of Health Promotion, conduct a “student life” segment at orientation which involves directing new students’ attention to the resources and statistics in the materials all students are given in their orientation packets. Additionally, the Dean of Students presents information about bystander intervention, caring for fellow Blugolds, and how to access the *Your Right to Know* publication.
Students also attend one of three sessions of *Sex Signals*, a nationally touring show that delivers messages about dating, sexual responsibility, and the key issue of consent in a unique, educational, and interactive manner.

Because 95% of new students live in campus residence halls, educational efforts are further supported by a highly trained professional and student staff in University housing that continues prevention and protection efforts with students living in University Residence Halls. The Department of Housing and Residence Life provides sexual assault response training for all resident assistants (RAs) which includes role-playing scenarios in which all new RAs support a student reporting a sexual assault. In addition, UW-Eau Claire provides multiple programs for students in residence halls that provide clear and comprehensive information regarding sexual assault resources, prevention, and procedures available; aid with skills to manage situations where alcohol is present; and assist students to develop the knowledge and skills needed to community effectively regarding consent in healthy intimate relations.

In 2018, UW-Eau Claire made expansions in its programs centered on alcohol consumption. In the past, UW-Eau Claire recommended incoming students complete *e-Checkup To Go*, an empirically supported interactive online self-assessment and skill building module intervention, to decrease high-risk drinking behaviors. However, for Fall 2018, the assessment was required for all new students. Emails informing students of the Campus Clarity trainings included information about *eCheck Up To Go* and instructions on how to complete it. Holds were not put on students’ account for not completing the assessment that semester. Also, campus educators were involved in passing city policy for public intoxication and continue to work on community policy on alcohol.

In 2018, UW-Eau Claire continued providing programs centered around bystander intervention. The university’s program, *StandUP!*, offers a comprehensive approach to sexual assault on college campuses, complete with a robust exploration of the cultural attitudes and mores within which sexual assault is likely (and often does) occur. As part of the training, participants explore such issues as consent, victim blaming, street harassment, slut shaming, rape culture, etc. The training ends with skill-building exercises aimed at preparing attendees to become active bystanders, using techniques and strategies that have been proven effective in university settings (i.e. Arizona State University’s *Step Up!* Program). In addition, participants are provided numerous resources, so that, should a sexual assault take place, they have ready access to the comprehensive array of support services offered by UW-Eau Claire (as well as local and national resources). To date, thousands of students have already taken advantage of this engaging, multi-media program, and it has become a permanent addition to new RA orientation training. In 2018 all intercollegiate athletes completed this training, which was required by the Department of Athletics. The training was very well received by our student athletes.

**UW-Green Bay**

All students receive information regarding sexual assault through the Annual Security Report, which is notified to them through email as part of the annual notice of policy sent out in September. Links to the report are provided on the home page and several other webpages for
UWGB, such as webpages specifically for Title IX, Public Safety, Residence Life, and Dean of Students. All admission materials include information on linking to the report as well and Public Safety presents on the report and the information included within it as a part of new student orientation and registration. Additionally, all students are required to take Sexual Misconduct training, which includes references to the report.

During orientation, Catharsis Productions presented *Sex Signals*, an educational program using humor and improvisation to discuss topics including dating, consent, and sex. Bystander intervention was also stressed, encouraging students to help protect each other from possible sexual harassment or violence. In addition, STOP signs were placed under each chair and on the flip side of the STOP sign, students were given Title IX information such as a definition, the Title IX campus coordinator contact information and the campus sexual assault coordinator contact information. The program opened with a PowerPoint presentation that included safety tips, Title IX information, statistics, available campus resources and information on how to report a sexual assault by a Public Safety Officer, Health Educator for Sexual Violence Prevention, Title IX Deputy Coordinator and Associate Dean of Students. Counseling and Health staff and advocates from the local Sexual Assault Center were available after the program for questions and answers. A packet of orientation materials, which included a brochure on consent, resources and how to report a sexual assault, was also highlighted by student ambassadors in their small group meetings with new students.

The Student Affairs & Campus Climate Healthy Choices Task Force and Greek Life co-sponsored *One Love Escalation Workshop* on November 26, 2018 in collaboration with the Golden House (local domestic violence program). This engaging 1.5-hour film workshop is designed to transform the way students view and discuss relationship abuse. The One Love Foundation was developed in memory of Yeardly Love, a senior at UVA who was killed by her ex-boyfriend. Student leaders from Greek Life and the MSW program were trained to facilitate small group discussions that occurred after the film. The Healthy Choices Task force and Golden House provided handouts regarding how to define healthy and unhealthy relationships and how to help a friend who may be in an abusive relationship as well as information regarding local and national resources. The event, which was open to the entire campus and mandatory for all Greek Pledges, was attended by 169 total participants who reported very positive feedback.

Additionally, SART (Sexual Assault Response Team) continued to meet monthly to review all Title IX cases and BIT (Behavioral Intervention Team) reviewed cases going through the Title IX investigation process. Further delineation of the roles of the Title IX Coordinator, Title IX Deputy Coordinators for students and faculty/staff and Title IX investigators also occurred. In 2018, the Sexual Assault Reporting process became fully electronic as well.

In terms of sexual assault prevention efforts, the Student Affairs & Campus Climate Healthy Choices Task Force sponsored a *Human Trafficking: Local Perspective Workshop* with Kimberly Sandborn from Eye Heart World on November 27, 2018. Ms. Sandborn shared the local perspective of Human Trafficking, prevention strategies, and the success and challenges in assisting survivors who leave the light to return to communities where they feel safe again. Advocates from the Sexual Assault Center were also present. The program concluded with Emily Walters, a UWGB student and current Student Government Representative for Health and Safety.
sharing an opportunity to get more involved with the *Dressember* campaign that she and many other students are very passionate about. The Student Affairs & Campus Climate Healthy Choices Task Force, in collaboration with a Social Work student, developed a *Denim Day and Me Too Movement* type interactive display in the University Union during the month of April. The display promoted sexual violence awareness and campus and community resources as well as allowed students to add post it notes to the display about the impact of sexual violence on their lives.

**UW-La Crosse**

Each fall semester, the Vice Chancellor for Student Affairs at UW-La Crosse sends an all campus email to students informing them that information regarding sexual assault is available on the Student Handbook website and provides a link to the website. The email includes all data required under the Clery Act. All students are required to use the UWL e-mail address to receive this sort of information as well as bills, grades, academic progress reports, and other official notices. During registration and orientation, students are advised that they must use this e-mail address. Additionally, beginning in fall 2014, all new students were required to take the online course *Think About It*, offered through Campus Clarity. *Think About It* is a comprehensive educational program that addresses sexual assault and harassment, dating violence, alcohol and drug use, and bystander intervention. A registration hold is placed on the account of students who do not comply with the training.

At a mandatory session during June registration, the campus Violence Prevention Specialist and the Wellness Coordinator introduce the topics of sexual violence, alcohol, and bystander intervention to all incoming new students. This introduction is followed up in September during move-in weekend with a more in-depth presentation. This year, UW-La Crosse contracted with the performance troupe *Speak About It* for this presentation. All 2,000+ incoming students attend the presentation and are given highlighters with the link to the UWL Violence Prevention website printed on them. UWL’s Sexual Misconduct Policy is located on this website. The student Eagle Guides who lead group activities throughout the weekend are trained to facilitate follow-up conversations after the main presentation.

UW-La Crosse’s largest sexual assault awareness event is the annual *UWL Ultimate Race*, where teams of students race against one another to find clues and complete challenges hidden around campus. All of the clues have to do with sexual assault awareness and services available on campus. A prize is awarded to the winning team at the after-event, which includes food, speakers, and an open mic. Evaluations indicate that participants find the event both fun and educational and the event typically draws 100+ participants and volunteers each year. Additionally, the Violence Prevention Specialist provides training on recognizing and responding to sexual violence for Residence Life Pro Staff and Resident Assistants, as well as giving 30-40 educational classroom presentations each year. Along with the Ultimate Race, Violence Prevention sponsored the following programs in 2018: a presentation regarding consent, boundaries, and healthy relationships by *Speak About It* during UWL’s Sexual Health Week in March; a presentation by Vanessa McNeal, director of The Voiceless, a documentary about male sexual assault survivors, as part of UWL’s Social Justice Week in April; the *Escalation Workshop* from the *OneLove Foundation* focused on dating violence warning signs;
and a *Take Back the Night* March in October which involved 70+ campus and community participants.

In addition to prevention education, the UWL Student Life/Violence Prevention Specialist provides direct advocacy services to students who have experienced sexual assault. Advocacy includes explaining options (campus conduct process, law enforcement/legal response, and medical and counseling services) and assisting students in accessing those options. Violence Prevention piloted the addition of five individuals who serve as Confidential Resources for students seeking assistance for interpersonal violence, which has begun to result in additional referrals for advocacy services.

**UW-Madison**

New freshman and transfer students attend a Student Orientation, Advising, and Registration (SOAR) session prior to attending fall and spring semester courses. Although the primary focus of these programs is academic advising and course enrollment, other introductory information regarding sexual assault and campus safety is shared with students and their families. For instance, during the orientation experience, freshmen and transfer students participate in an evening program with New Student Leaders to discuss the definition of sexual assault and consent, the resources available and the need to complete both an online prevention program and an in-person workshop series that address sexual assault, dating violence, and consent by empowering students to make decisions that will keep them safe and help them in difficult situations. Topics discussed include ideas for bystander intervention approaches and resources for victims.

Printed information about sexual assault and available resources are also distributed during the check in process at SOAR. New students and transfer students are provided with an academic planner that includes additional information on sexual assault and resources. Continuing students receive information about sexual assault via the Clery annual security report, which is distributed each fall via e-mail to the campus community (faculty, staff, and students) and is housed in prominent places on multiple University websites. Since students are more inclined to use electronic media, UW-Madison also utilizes e-mail, websites, and social media outlets such as Twitter and Facebook to communicate about this report and its content. Continuing students receive annual Clery information through an electronic memo sent from the Chief of Police and addresses specific information about sexual assault.

To assist student victims of sexual violence, UW-Madison employs three full-time, highly trained, confidential victim advocacy professionals through the University Health Services Survivor Services unit. These staff members provide trauma-informed victim advocacy services to UW-Madison student survivors of sexual assault, dating/domestic violence, sexual harassment, and/or stalking, regardless of a student’s decision to report to campus and/or law enforcement. Victim advocacy services include daily Open Access (drop-in) hours, survivor-specific support groups, individual supportive counseling, accompaniment (e.g. attending a medical appointment or a court proceeding with a victim), ongoing case management, and assistance to students navigating formal systems (e.g. Title IX and/or reports to law enforcement). Staff also provide information and consultation on victim rights, how to support
survivors, campus and community resources, criminal processes, and the campus non-academic misconduct process. UHS Survivor Services does not have a session limit or a cap on services.

UW-Madison uses two universal sexual violence prevention strategies that have shown to be successful: a two-part, required violence prevention education program for all incoming undergraduates and a required online training for all incoming graduate/professional students. First, new undergraduate students need to complete both a 60-minute online program and a 90-minute peer-facilitated workshop that uses interactive activity modules to build upon the knowledge base presented in the online program. Completion of the online undergraduate prevention program and a second in-person prevention program is required for all degree-seeking first-year undergraduate and transfer students, including Farm and Industry short course students. Students who do not complete the program are unable to register in the next semester’s classes until they do so. The required undergraduate online violence prevention program, *U Got This!*, is made available during orientation months and provides legal definitions and penalties for sexual assault; generally available national, state, and campus statistics about sexual assault; the rights of victims under both state law and federal law/guidance; protective behaviors, victim resources, and safe options for bystander intervention. The required undergraduate in-person program, *GetWIse*, consists of a suite of options for students to attend throughout the first two semesters of their attendance. Students must select one workshop option from the *GetWIse* workshop series: *SexWIse, DatingWIse, ListenWIse*, or *GetWIse: Green Dot*.

Second, the 2018 academic year was the second year of the mandatory requirement of an online sexual violence and sexual harassment training for incoming graduate and professional students. Prior to 2017, the training had been presented as optional. The requirement ensures 100% participation for a population that campus data suggests is at an elevated risk for experiencing sexual harassment in professional academic settings.

In addition to the universal prevention programs, in 2018, UW-Madison constructed a targeted bystander intervention program called *ActWIse* for students with specific affiliations on campus who may be in environments with an increased risk for sexual violence and thus where there are greater opportunities for bystander intervention. The program, which consists of 60-90 minute workshops, is primarily used with the fraternity and sorority life and student-athlete populations. New fraternity and sorority members are required to attend as part of their Council bylaws and student-athletes were required to complete sessions as part of the NCAA sexual violence prevention requirement. Student-athlete *ActWIse* sessions were provided in a team setting and were co-facilitated by Athletics staff who completed the skills and facilitator training.

**UW-Milwaukee**

As a part of new student orientation, all new UWM students were required to complete *Think About It*, an online, two-hour education program which includes videos, interactive exercises, and supplementary content related to sex and gender-based violence (Title IX). Completion rates of the training for UWM-Milwaukee students were closely monitored by UWM's Campus Health Officer. Incoming students who did not complete the training by an assigned deadline were sent weekly follow-up e-mail reminders and contacted by UWM-Milwaukee campus administrators directly. In total, 96% of all assigned UWM-Milwaukee first-
year students, adult learners and graduate students completed the training for the Fall of 2018. UWM-Waukesha and UWM-Washington County implemented Think About It training for students as well. In total, 37% of all UWM-Waukesha and UWM-Washington County assigned students completed the program. For these campuses, UWM will take steps similar to those taken by UWM-Milwaukee to ensure greater completion rates in 2019.

The UWM-Milwaukee Dean of Students Office, Norris Health Center, and Police Department verbally share information about sex and gender-based violence, including resources and prevention strategies, with students during the Healthy and Successful U presentation at UWM-Milwaukee’s New Student Orientation and Transfer and Adult Student Orientation Programs on the Milwaukee campus. The presentation consists of a video on the resources available to students for their physical and emotional well-being and an open forum question and answer session. Students who could not attend the presentation were presented with an online version of orientation which includes a health and safety section with the same content presented in the in-person presentation. UWM-Waukesha and UWM-Washington County students received information regarding resources and prevention strategies associated with sex and gender-based violence during new student orientation and during class registration sessions. Students were also presented with alcohol and other drug and sexual assault prevention videos during orientation. Students also obtain such information through the Annual Security Report which is emailed to UWM-Milwaukee students by the Dean of Students Office and to UWM-Waukesha and UWM-Washington County students by the UW Colleges Director of Conduct and Compliance. The copy of the report is made available to students via various campus websites.

In Fall 2018, UWM changed its protocols to include an immediate referral of the victim to UWM’s on-campus Victim Advocate when UWM receives a report of sex or gender-based violence. The Victim Advocate assists victims with navigating investigative processes, filing police reports, seeking resources, and obtaining accommodations or protective measures. As a result of the change, the number of students who received services through the Victim Advocate increased from an average of less than ten students a semester, to twenty-seven students in the Summer/Fall of 2018. The total number of meetings with the Victim Advocate during that time period also tripled to over fifty meetings. Finally, the number of Title IX investigations that included the Victim Advocate increased from an average of two per semester, to the Victim Advocate being involved in ten investigations during the Summer and Fall of 2018. In addition, using grant funds, UWM developed promotional materials for the Victim Advocate for use at UWM-Waukesha and UWM-Washington County campuses, as students from those campuses will be served through the position starting in 2019.

Additionally, UWM has engaged in extensive tabling efforts throughout the year. During this tabling, UWM partners with community resources to provide extensive information to students on campus and community assistance available to those impacted by sex and gender-based violence. For example, each campus promoted and tabled during Denim Day, including the UWM-Milwaukee campus. At the UWM-Waukesha campus, campus officials partnered with The Women’s Center of Waukesha to present information regarding their advocacy services during Denim Day. Additionally, during this program, UWM-Waukesha staff members relayed information regarding how to help a survivor that is seeking assistance. At the UWM-Washington County campus, tabling efforts included a partnership with Friends, Inc., a local
provider of domestic and sexual violence programs. The tabling program brought awareness of victim blaming and provided information regarding safety planning to those affected by domestic violence through support services and prevention education. UWM-Milwaukee also uses student peer educators to table weekly in the student union building and provide peer-to-peer information on various health-related topics, including resources for those impacted by sexual violence.

In 2018, UWM offered many initiatives regarding education and training in sexual assault prevention and protective behaviors. First, UWM held eighteen sessions of Bringing in the Bystander training. Student surveys following the training showed increases in understanding of warning signs of healthy or abusive relationships, ability to assist a victim/survivor of sexual violence in accessing resources, and effectiveness in responding as a bystander. Second, UWM’s Victim Advocate and Title IX Coordinator jointly delivered twelve in-person Title IX training sessions, which included education and training on consent to over 200 students. Early analysis of evaluation data has shown students have gained an increased knowledge of how to report an incident to Title IX and how to contact confidential resources as a result of the trainings. Lastly, during Fall Welcome, UWM-Milwaukee hosted the fourth annual Sex and Drugs Show to address two complex campus health priority areas: sexual violence and alcohol misuse.

**UW-Oshkosh**

Prior to the beginning of the semester, students are notified via email announcement that a mandatory training program, Think About It, will be sent to their email address. The online program trains students on the risk of campus life, bystander intervention, and how to address abusive relationships and sexual violence. Students are given an email notification through the Campus Clarity online system prior to the beginning of the Fall Semester, and receive weekly reminders, then daily reminders until it is completed. Parents or guardians also receive emails asking them to encourage their students to complete the training. Students at all three campuses are required to complete the training module in its entirety. A staff member within the Division of Student Affairs is responsible for tracking completion of the training and responding to student inquiries.

Additionally, emails were sent by the Chief Student Affairs Officer to all students, faculty and staff at all three campuses at the beginning of the semester alerting them to information regarding sexual harassment and sexual assault, as part of the Annual Security and Fire Safety Report (Clery). The report is also located on the university’s web page. The Dean of Students Office web page also contains Sexual Assault and Sexual Harassment, an electronic publication that has information on legal definitions of and penalties for sexual harassment and assault, statistics, services, and prevention information.

During the period of advisement and registration (typically held May and June of each year), various campus offices provide incoming students with information and suggestions regarding health and safety on campus. Parents and students are directed to various university resources including web pages where further information can be found relating to local, state and federal regulations regarding sexual assault, domestic violence, stalking, dating violence, and hate crimes. Additionally, the Fox and Fond du Lac campuses share on line resources at their
registration sessions such as Sexual Assault and Violence Education. In addition, during the opening week of the fall semester, as part of the Orientation 2018 program, Elaine Pasqua—president of Project Prevent, a not for profit organization that provides AIDS education to students from elementary through post-secondary schools—presented Sex and Excess: Surviving the Party which identified the negative effects of high-risk behaviors such as alcohol abuse and unprotected sex while on campus. Later, alcohol and sexual assault information was discussed with new students in small group discussions with Orientation Leaders where students were given information regarding resources available both on and off campus and referral information.

UW-Oshkosh works with multiple community partners to provide assistance and services to sexual assault victims. The UW Oshkosh Counseling Center partners with the area’s Sexual Assault Center, REACH Counseling Services, to provide an on-campus sexual assault Campus Victim Advocate (CA) who provides students with supportive services for dealing with sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating violence, or domestic violence. The CVA also serves as a member of the 3-County Fox Valley Sexual Assault Response Team, Wisconsin Coalition Against Sexual Assault and the Winnebago County Coordinated Response to Domestic Violence team and has partnered with Christine Ann Domestic Abuse Services, Inc. (CADASI). The Campus Violence Prevention Program (CVPP) is another campus and community partnership initiative which strives to end all forms of relationship violence within the campus community through systemic, institutional, and cultural change. Prevention education is provided by the University Counseling Center and Employee Assistance Program professional staff in conjunction with REACH Counseling Services and CADASI.

UW-Oshkosh continued to provide programs associated with education and training in sexual assault prevention. The university offers S.A.F.E. Training, a three hour interactive workshop designed to introduce participants to LGBTQ+ terms, culture, some of the challenges that many LGBTQ+ people encounter in their lives, and how to be an effective ally both in and out of the classroom. The Bystander Intervention Committee consists of faculty, staff and students from across campus that collaborate to provide prevention services with a focus on bystander intervention. Trainers have provided Bystander Intervention Training to various student and staff groups that include Greek Life, Residence Life, Reeve Union, and Center for Academic Support of Inclusive Excellence. Weekly training on Bystander Intervention Skills is offered through the Counseling Center in collaboration with cross campus trainers and more information can be found on the committee’s website. Lastly, CARE, a student organization and internship for students to gain experience through service learning, provides peer education regarding healthy relationships and prevention and awareness of sexual assault and dating/domestic violence on campus.

UW-Parkside

UW-Parkside educates students about sexual assault during mandatory orientation, which occurs in two phases. Phase one covers academic advising and general campus orientation information. During this time, students receive a presentation talk back session on campus safety. The brochure Staying Safe on Campus is made available to all orientation participants. This brochure covers a variety of issues pertaining to overall campus safety including: staying safe in your living space, parking lot safety, emergency call boxes, the Safewalk program,
nighttime safety tips, protecting your personal property, making smart choices, sexual harassment, sexual assault, date rape and date rape drugs, cyber/ttech threats, campus building security, and evacuation. The brochure also covers on campus and off campus resources and how to report an incident.

These materials are not only available at new student orientation, but also can be accessed electronically, can be printed from the web sites, and are available in print copy throughout the campus at the Dean of Students Office, Student Health, Counseling & Disability Services, University Police and Public Safety, UW-Parkside Women’s Center, and Housing and Residence Life. The web sites include on campus resources as well as community resources. The Dean of Students office send the electronic link to all students on an annual basis.

During the second phase of Orientation students attend a program developed by UW-Parkside’s Theatre Arts program. The production, called The Theatre of Empowerment: Engaging Issues through Performance and Dialogue, covers a number of issues that students may encounter while attending the university including sexual orientation, religious variations, sexual assault awareness, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, bystander intervention, and drug and alcohol use. The program is open for all students, new and returning, and the full university community is encouraged to attend.

Outside of orientation, UW-Parkside students are also informed of sexual assault information through email communication. Each semester, every student is sent an email containing the link to websites and a list of information that can be accessed and printed from the site. The email also includes locations where students can obtain a printed copy of the materials. Additionally, all admitted students are sent a checklist of items “to do or be aware of” once they are admitted to the university. The information contains a link to the Annual Campus Security Report & Annual Fire Safety Report. UW-Parkside, in conjunction with all UW System, participates in the Campus Clarity online education program on an annual basis. The program is sent to each individual student university email and contains links to all campus resources. Students are required to complete the program before registering for the next semester term.

In addition, UW-Parkside continues to partner with Carthage College, Gateway Technical, and Women and Children Horizons of Kenosha to improve sexual assault services to students. The partnership has been awarded a multiyear Aurora Better Together Grant. As part of the grant, representatives from each of the campuses that serve on the local Sexual Assault Response Team (S.A.R.T.) work with the State of Wisconsin Department of Justice to develop MOUs between local resources, area law enforcement, campuses, and the Kenosha County District Attorney’s Office to improve response to all victims, including students. The grant also allows for a confidential victim advocate available in-person on campus once a week and available via telephone on a daily basis.

UW-Parkside also has a Bystander Intervention Training program. The program includes thirteen professional staff who have been trained as trainers. Additionally, over 350 students, including RA staff, orientation leaders, peer mentors, PHE’s, and summer scholars, have gone through the training.
UW-Platteville educates students on sexual assault during mandatory orientation. The orientation program format consists of a verbal presentation to a large group of new students, followed by a question-and-answer period for students. The presentation is done by the Prevention and Education Coordinator and/or Dean of Students and addresses sexual violence, policy and expectations, relevant definitions, UW-Platteville statistics, student rights and resources, and bystander intervention techniques and self-protective behaviors. The primary goals are to teach students self-protective behaviors, raise awareness of risks for sexual assault, educate students about resources available related to sexual assault, and educate the predominantly male student population of their role in preventing sexual assault and sexual violence. In 2018, between 400-500 students attended this presentation. Overall, the Dean of Students Office is an active participant in orientation/Welcome Weekend presentations as a means to present this information to provide a more personal way to convey the topic. It also allow students to put a name with the office resource, for those who are personally impacted by the topic and may need to seek assistance.

Outside of orientation, UW-Platteville makes information on sexual assault available through a variety of other means. All UW-Platteville on-campus students are provided a Student Planner when picking up their textbooks which includes a page containing information about the Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment Policy. Students also receive an email from the Dean of Students Office with a link to the Student Handbook, which contains all university policies and procedures, including those regarding sexual violence. In 2018, all students, faculty, and staff received an email from the Chancellor outlining the newly launched Sexual Misconduct webpage, which includes the university’s reporting link, university policies, and on and off-campus resources for those affected by sexual violence. The webpage was created to provide a single resource including all the information a student victim of sexual violence or others looking to support victims might need.

Students also gain such information through some mandatory requirements. All new students on the main campus are required to take the Introduction to College Life course and required to attend a certain number of Student Academic Success Seminars. The Dean of Students Office provides two presentations touching on sexual assault at the main campus through these seminars. The first is a general presentation that covers university policies, procedures, students’ rights and responsibilities, and ethical decision making. In 2018, this presentation was completed six times. The second presentation is offered by the Prevention and Education Coordinator and looks to build upon the information students learn in the online education they receive about sexual violence prevention education and bystander intervention. In 2018, the presentation was given three times. Additionally, all new students are enrolled in the online course Student Empower Plus which covers topics of alcohol and drug abuse, sexual violence, consent, bystander intervention, and the laws and policies of the state and university. Students are sent an email at the beginning of the semester regarding the course and then reminder emails until they complete the course or until the end of the semester. In 2018, students received the online education course later in the semester as UW-Platteville worked to integrate the new branch campuses of UW-Platteville Baraboo/Sauk County and UW-Platteville Richland Center. The branch campuses did not participate in the course along with the main campus in
Fall 2018. During the 2018 spring semester, Baraboo and Richland Center continued to do the online training program *Think About It*, along with the other UW Colleges.

UW-Platteville has continued to expand services targeted at helping victims of sexual violence. In 2017, the Dean of Students Office created resource folders for victims of sexual violence, including sexual assault, dating/domestic violence, and stalking. The folders are filled with information on the types of violence, legal resources such as how to get no contact/restraining orders and reporting to law enforcement, various resources on campus and in the community that may be helpful to the victim, and an overview of the adjudication process. These folders are kept in areas where students may disclose a sexual violence experience, including counseling, health services, residence life, multicultural affairs, and academic support programs and are meant to provide all the necessary information in one place. In 2018, UW-Platteville worked to create new folders providing more specific local resources to best serve the branch campuses. In addition to these resources, UW-Platteville has a Sexual Violence Victim’s Advocate on campus to help with crisis intervention, advocacy, and support for survivors of sexual violence. The advocate does one on one appointments with students and holds a support group once a week as well. In 2018, the Victim Advocate has increased her number of hours on campus to two whole days each week.

In 2018, UW-Platteville also continued initiatives in regards to education and training of sexual assault prevention. The Prevention and Education Coordinator collaborated with the athletics department to bring a training to all student athletes, coaches, and athletics staff. The presentation covered sexual violence definitions and statistics, alcohol and what role it plays in sexual violence, bystander intervention techniques, and consent. This presentation fulfilled requirements of the new NCAA guidelines for athletics trainings on sexual violence. Additionally, UW-Platteville offered *Greeks Step Up*, an annual program collaborating with Greek Life about being an “upstander”, or someone who steps up in a problematic situation. The four hour training program allows for different styles of leaning through role-play, social norms marketing, action planning, and reflection strategies to help students engage on the issues of sexual violence, bystander intervention, and consent. Also, every year the Dean of Students Office organizes events surrounding Sexual Assault Awareness Month to bring educational and awareness opportunities to everyone on campus. In the spring of 2018, seventeen events were held for Sexual Assault Awareness Month. While the branch campuses conducted trainings and initiatives in conjunction with the other UW Colleges during the first half of 2018, they have slowly been integrated into UW-Platteville’s main programming initiatives, with more planned for the 2019-2020 academic year.

**UW-River Falls**

New students complete a mandatory online program, *Think About It: Turning Points*, which includes information regarding sexual assault. Information is also provided via a brochure produced by the University of Wisconsin-River Falls, Division of Student Affairs entitled, *Title IX Sexual Assault Resources for UWRF Students, what you need to know*. Copies of these brochures are also available to new students during orientation week in the fall and spring when all new students attend a presentation about sexual assault and sexual harassment. This brochure
and more related information are available electronically to all students at any time, via UWRF’s website, including at its Title IX page and via the Student Handbook page. Key university offices and officials have printed copies available of the brochure as a resource and for informational purposes. All enrolled students also received required information via email, directing students to these various electronic and written resources including a link to the brochure.

New incoming students are also presented information during orientation and the Week of Welcome. Step Up workshops were conducted during the Week of Welcome with new incoming students and included bystander intervention in regards to sexual violence. The session focuses on how students can “Step Up as a Falcon to make sure they and their friends have a great experience at UWRF.” Additionally, staff from UWRF Student Health and Counseling introduced Sex Signals, a presentation by a two-person team of highly trained educations regarding beliefs, behaviors, and gender stereotypes related to dating and sexual interaction. The program uses semi-improvisational scenes to reach out to students who have mislabeled coercion as consent, with the hope of changing behaviors and encouraging bystander intervention.

In 2018, UW-River Falls continued initiatives to address sexual assault prevention and training. This year marked the first full year of having a Violence Prevention Coordinator (VPC) on campus after the position was created in 2017. During the year, a partnership was developed with the Athletics Department so that the VPC could conduct in-person training for all athletes for all individual athletic teams. The VPC provided training during new faculty orientation, for Residence Life staff, for many of the First Year Adventure courses, and for all Greek Life students as well. In addition, the VPC sponsored multiple campus awareness events. The VPC now also serves as the Reporting Party Process Advisor and collaborates with the Campus Victim Advocate (CVA). UWRF is in its sixth year of a partnership/agreement with Turningpoint to have a CVA located on campus. The CVA provides advocacy and direct and outreach/prevention services to UWRF students, faculty, and staff. Lastly, the Student Senate continues to sponsor a Safe Ride service with the local taxi service provider that focuses on getting students home safely at night on weekends during the winter months. This service is an increasingly popular option for students and participation has increased from last year.

UW-River Falls collaborated with the Wisconsin Coalition Against Sexual Assault (WCASA) to provide Multi-Disciplinary Training (MDT) for the UWRF Sexual Assault Coalition. The collaboration prompted the coalition to revisit its mission and purpose and also to look at membership to assure inclusivity. As a result, the committee confirmed the current mission and invited several new members to the table. In addition, At a national NCAA conference, UWRF’s Assistant Athletic Director presented on the VPC’s partnership with the Athletic Department and the trainings provided for each of the individual athletic teams, offering this effort as an example of best practices.

UW-Stevens Point

All new and transfer students, as well as and their families, participate in student orientation/registration, where representatives from the Office of the Dean of Students share
At the Marshfield and Wausau branch campuses, new students participate in both small group orientation/registration events and individualized advising sessions. All students who participated in group or individual sessions were shown a video that shared information about AODA prevention efforts and a video that introduced students to topics related to sexual assault. Students were also introduced to the website that includes information about both AODA and Wis. Stat. 36.11 specific items. Continuing students at all campuses receive information about sexual assault via the Clery Annual Security Report, distributed each fall via e-mail to the campus community. Since students are more inclined to use electronic media, UW-Stevens Point also utilizes websites and social media outlets, such as Twitter and Facebook, to communicate about this report and its content.

In 2018, UW-Stevens Point worked to expand advocacy services for survivors of sexual violence. Mirroring the practice of the Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) programs, the Office of the Dean of Students (DOS) automatically contacts Sexual Assault Victim Services (SAVS) of CAP Services Family Crisis Center in Stevens Point when scheduling initial conversations with survivors. An advocate from the advocacy is physically present at the time of the student’s first meeting with a member of the DOS staff. The student and advocate meet privately so the advocate can explain the victim advocacy services and community resources. However, the student can also choose not to have the advocate present for the initial meeting. With the addition of branch campuses in Marshfield and Wausau, UW-Stevens Point has created on-campus advocacy offices on each campus and has partnered with local sexual assault advocacy agencies to establish campus office hours. UW-Stevens Point has worked with the advocacy agencies to create campus promotional materials, has linked to their services on and off campus through its website, and has shared information with all students, faculty, and staff on the branch campuses. In addition to person-to-person advocacy work, the campus-based advocate has reached out to faculty and administrators to share information about interpersonal violence and the role of advocacy.

Launched in 2016, the Center for Prevention (CFP) at UW-Stevens Point has expanded its work and developed new partnerships. CFP, dedicated to helping students understand how the issues of substance abuse and interpersonal violence affect academic, social, emotional, and physical wellbeing, reached more than 15,000 students, faculty, staff, and community members in 2017. In 2018, the Center for Prevention partnered with Residential Living staff, the Student
Government Association, Athletics, and the Theatre and Dance Department to deliver online and in-person trainings to student participating in these activities. Although a one-professional, two-student office, CFP continues to deliver great results, particularly in regards to high completion rates of trainings for these mentioned groups on campus.

**UW-Stout**

Incoming freshman complete a mandatory online program called *Think About It: Turning Points* where they receive information regarding sexual assault. The program educates students through infographics, interactive visualizations, motion graphics, videos, and sound design and narration. The students are motivated to engage in the course via incentives and achievements that can be earned by correctly answering questions and interacting with optional materials to dive deeper into specific topic areas. *Think About It: Turning Points* offers a comprehensive harm reduction approach that addresses the relationship between sexual violence and substance abuse. It consists of engaging content developed with the assistance of students through focus groups and usability testing to offer a research based program that provides information on bystander intervention, live social norming to encourage a community of responsibility, campus and state specific policies, laws, and information, and extensive reports and follow up courses to inform campus harm-reduction programs.

All incoming freshman (32) for spring 2018 were assigned the course on January 18, 2018 with a due date of February 9, 2018. Students who did not complete the course by March 9, 2018, were prevented from registering for fall 2018 classes. All students who returned to campus for the fall 2018 semester completed the course. Most of the incoming freshman (1400+) were assigned the course on August 4, 2018 (late registering incoming freshman were assigned as they registered for classes during the month of August) with a due date of September 2, 2018. Students who did not complete the course by September 23, 2018 were prevented from registering for spring 2019 course until completion of the course via a hold on the students’ record. All students who returned to campus for the spring 2019 semester completed the course.

All new students (incoming freshman, transfers, and international students) had an opportunity to attend *Speak About It*, a performance-based presentation about consent, boundaries and healthy relationships. Using a combination of humorous yet provocative skits, interactive dialogue, and powerful monologues, *Speak About It* is an hour-long performance that addresses topics related to sexual assault and bystander intervention. Students also receive email communications regarding Clery Report requirements and are directed to a website that provides information and resources both on and off campus and connects them to the Bridge of Hope, a local agency providing information, support, and advocacy.

UW-Stout continues to improve upon responding to reports of sexual violence. In 2018, the university continued to revamp its Sexual Misconduct website to focus on key information needed by survivors and supportive bystanders in a time of crisis. UW-Stout also hosted a UW-System Regional Title IX Team meeting/training where cases were reviewed for victim assistance and support. The university continues to maintain a strong working relationship with the Bridge to Hope, a local agency that provides victim advocacy services to complainants during judicial processes.
The university’s Sexual Violence Coalition supported sexual assault prevention efforts through an innovative curriculum entitled *Culture Strength*. The program focuses on a discussion-based model for engaging students in conversations about healthy relationships and positive bystander behavior. Staff from a broad range of areas (e.g., health, counseling, housing, athletics, Greek life, advising, LGBTQIA, etc.) are trained and have delivered the curriculum with fraternities and sororities, other student organizations, and in the classroom. Athletics is using the model to meet NCAA guidelines for sexual violence prevention, and peer educators in the Counseling Center and Health Services are being trained to use the curriculum with additional audiences. A core group monitors implementation of *Culture Strength* to ensure support and sustainability.

**UW-Superior**

During each spring and summer registration/orientation session (SOAR), Week of Welcome (WoW), and transfer/non-traditional student orientation, the University’s First Year Experience (FYE) office provides each student with printed materials regarding policies and procedures pertaining to sexual misconduct and Title IX. SOAR is required for first year students. It is also required that students attend WoW and if they do not attend they participate in an online orientation. In 2018, distance learning students were added to the ‘required’ students. During SOAR, the Associate Dean of Students speaks with all new students and their family members to inform them of where to find materials about the campus’ sexual misconduct policies, resources, and prevention. During WoW students participate in an educational session called Sex Signals focused on understanding sexual assault, consent and healthy relationships. The Associate Dean of Students follows up with a presentation reviewing where to find campus policies and resources pertaining to sexual misconduct and Title IX.

Such information is also shared with students through other means. Information about policies, laws, and procedures is posted on the student conduct website. Clery information and statistics pertaining to crimes (including sexual violence) on campus and in the area is also provided through the Campus Safety website. The Dean of Students Office sends an email each semester to all students informing them of where all policies and procedures are found along with a special emphasis on sexual assault/harassment information. This email encourages individuals to report incidents of sexual violence and to hold fellow campus community members accountable to the policies and laws. Additionally, in every restroom on campus, Sex Discrimination and Sexual Misconduct Resource Brochures are available for students. The information provided in the brochures includes options for reporting as well as resources on campus and in the community that provide assistance to those impacted by sexual violence. Lastly, beginning in fall 2016, training was offered through Campus Clarity to all new and returning students. New students were required to take the online training. If it was not completed, a hold was placed on their registration for the following semester.

The university has established relationships with the Center against Sexual and Domestic Abuse (CASDA), the Superior Police department, the District Attorney’s Office, and victim witness. The Title IX Coordinator and various others from campus serve on the Community Coordinated Response (CCR) team for sexual assaults and domestic violence as well as on the Sexual Assault Response Team (SART). The Title IX Coordinator and CASDA are currently
working on a grant to fund a position that would report to CASDA and provide direct service to students/staff and plan and implement prevention programs

In the past several years representatives from campus along with the CCR team have promoted the Red Flag Campaign. This program educates students and staff about sexual violence that may occur in relationships and talks about the “red flags” in relationships. Also, to compliment this program, students staff tables during the month to provide educational materials to members of the campus community and Criminal Justice faculty have their classes create programs offered to campus each fall and spring. Additionally, Gender Equity and the Health Care Clinic in Superior provide programs on safer sex throughout the year which included information on sexual assault and date rape. In collaboration with the AODA office, information is disseminated about safety tips for spring break.

UW-Whitewater

Prior to arriving on campus, UW-Whitewater students receive emails outlining the next steps associated with student orientation. One of the steps is to complete Campus Clarity: *Think About It* and online education and prevention training module regarding sexual assault. The training is an interactive, modern platform that provides the required information and encourages students to speak up, step in, and create a better campus for all. The Title IX Coordinator is informed of individuals who fail to complete the training and for whom exemptions are have not be granted. The 2017-2018 completion rate for new students was 61%. New students also receive access to the student handbook, including the UW-Whitewater Sexual Violence, Sexual Harassment and Intimate Partner Violence Policy. A flyer is also included in every new student’s Plan-It Purple orientation folder on how to access the student handbook, annual security report, and undergraduate catalog. Students who are also employees are required to take LawRoom, a mandatory online Title IX training for employees. As per the UW System Task Force on Sexual Violence and Harassment, exemptions for trainings are permitted for those survivors for whom the training could cause a “trigger” of past sexual misconduct trauma.

Students also learn about sexual assault through various presentations at Warhawks SOAR orientation sessions. First Year Experience (FYE) also provides guidance to students and their families in their transition to the campus community. At orientation, FYE sponsors a required program entitled, *Sex Signals: Sexual Assault Prevention* from Catharsis Productions, a fun and interactive opportunity for students to learn about stereotypes, consent, ways to be an ‘upstander’ and resources. Representatives from Dean of Students, Campus Police, and University Health and Counseling present at the end of the session regarding their services. In 2018, FYE also sponsored a required program entitled, *Creating a Culture of Consent* by Keith Edwards. After the presentation, Peer Mentors facilitated student small group meetings where they talked about a variety of topics including resources available and held a follow up conversation about the presentation.

Students also enroll in New Student Seminar, a 1 credit course. Each student enrolled in the course is required to attend a one-hour Campus Police session where sexual assault and sexual harassment are addressed. UW-Whitewater continues to look into opportunities within the course for out of the classroom experiences with Campus Police Services, University Health and
In 2018, UW-Whitewater continued to offer programs and services to assist student victims of sexual assault. The University Health and Counseling Services provides confidential and free medical and counseling support for everyone who has experienced sexual violence. The Women’s Healing Group is facilitated by a licensed psychologist who specializes in sexual assault prevention and is free and open to all student sexual assault survivors. Additionally, UW-Whitewater has MOUs with two local nonprofit organizations that specialize in working with people who have experienced sexual violence: People Against Domestic Violence and the Association for the Prevention of Family Violence. These organizations provide advocates who have on-campus office hours and is free for all students who are exploring their options. Lastly, the Sexual Assault Prevention Advisory Committee (SAPA) includes representation from the campus and community, including Health and Counseling Services, Police Services, First Year Experience, Residence Life, Career and Leadership Development, faculty members, the student Coalition against Sexual & Interpersonal Violence, as well as local advocacy agencies. This group works to ensure the entire campus is working together to prevent sexual assault and supporting survivors in the best methods possible.

UW-Whitewater also offers many sexual assault prevention programs and activities throughout the year. For example, in 2018, the UW-Whitewater student government sold over 200 t-shirts in support of the national It’s On Us campaign to raise awareness for sexual assault prevention on college campuses. The university also offered a viewing of the One Love presentation and screenings of the documentaries The Hunting Ground and It Happened Here. Additional activities included direct presentations to student groups, consent campaigns, bystander intervention trainings, Take Back the Night, Denim Day, and a Sexual Assault Awareness Trivia Night. UW-Whitewater also infuses sexual assault prevention into curriculum for student staff trainings and courses such as Violence Against Women, Health Advocacy and New Student Seminar. These courses study issues related to interpersonal violence and rape culture, and use community-based projects to build advocacy.
SEXUAL ASSAULT STATISTICS OVERVIEW

Section 36.11(22), Wis. Stats., requires that information about sexual assault and sexual harassment programming and prevention be reported annually to the Legislature. The statute also requires that each UW institution annually report to the Wisconsin Department of Justice statistics on sexual assaults and on sexual assaults by acquaintances that occurred on each campus during the previous year. Statistical information that is required to be sent to the Wisconsin Department of Justice is included within the following documents.

The UW System statistics presented in this report represent the incidents of sexual assault reported to UW System campus officials by UW students at locations on-campus and off-campus. Although the statute only requires data regarding assaults on-campus, the UW System has always provided data regarding the sexual assaults reported to have occurred off-campus as well.

As shown in the statistical summary that follows, the number of UW System sexual assaults reported from 2009 to 2018 has risen significantly. However, increased reporting does not necessarily reflect the actual numbers of sexual assault incidents experienced by students at institutions of higher education, including UW System institutions. It is hard to determine scientifically whether these numbers represent potentially a higher number of incidents or an increase in the reporting of crimes. Therefore, it is not conclusively known how many students do not report sexual assault and/or harassment. The U.S. Department of Justice, the American College Health Association (ACHA), law enforcement agencies, and national organizations that regularly perform research on sexual violence consistently report that sexual assault is still an underreported crime despite improvements in the support of victims, more accurate reporting by campus and state authorities, as well as better prevention efforts.

Federal and state data only reflect the number of crimes reported to law enforcement. Non-reporting happens, among other reasons, because victims may feel ashamed, feel the assault was somehow their fault, fear retribution, are worried about consequences to their perpetrator (who can be someone known to the victim and/or an intimate partner), or because they feel that what happened was not a crime (Prevalence and Characteristics of Sexual Violence, Stalking, and Intimate Partner Violence Victimization (NISVS 2011).) Other sources indicate that underreporting indicates that survivors do not report sexual assaults because they think no one will believe them and that legal and medical authorities will be hostile (Fisher et al.).

Victims often know the person who sexually assaulted them. People who sexually abuse usually target someone they know — a friend, classmate, neighbor, coworker, or relative. The sexual assault statistics reported by UW institutions are consistent with state and national data that show sexual assault is predominantly a crime committed by an acquaintance, not a stranger. According to the Wisconsin Department of Health Services, 90% of victims know the person who assaults them, while national statistics indicate that for both college students and
nonstudents, the offender was known to the victim in about 80% of rape and sexual assault victimizations. (U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, 2014). In a longitudinal study of rape and sexual assault victimization of college aged females (1995-2013), similar percentages of student (47%) and nonstudent (40%) victims perceived that the offender was drinking or using drugs (U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, 2014).

Reporting of sexual assault by acquaintances on a UW System campus has risen from 39 incidents in 2005 to 119 in 2018. Reported assaults by stranger perpetrators on campus is comparably lower. The UW System statistics further show that there has been a significant rise in the reported assaults by acquaintances that occurred off-campus, from 80 incidents in 2009 to 473 incidents reported in 2018.
NATIONAL AND STATE STATISTICS FOR RAPE

National and state statistics on forcible rape are identified in the tables below. The Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) collects its data through the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program.

The so-called legacy definition of rape is: “The carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will. Assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force are also included. Statutory rape (without force) and other sex offenses are excluded.” However, in 2013, the FBI’s UCR Program initiated the collection of rape data under a revised definition within the Summary Based Reporting System. The term “forcible” was removed from the offense name, and the definition was changed to “penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.”

For the table below, national statistics under both the legacy and revised definitions were retrieved from: https://ucr.fbi.gov/crime-in-the-u.s/2017/crime-in-the-u.s.-2017/topic-pages/tables/table-1. For the most recently available state data, please see tables 4 and 5 on the FBI website.

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<th>YEAR</th>
<th>NATION (legacy/revised)</th>
<th>WISCONSIN (legacy/revised)</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>89,241</td>
<td>1,108</td>
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<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>85,593</td>
<td>1,187</td>
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<td>2011</td>
<td>84,175</td>
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<td>2012</td>
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<td>2013</td>
<td>82,109/113,695</td>
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<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>84,864/118,027</td>
<td>1,168/1,674</td>
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<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>91,261/126,134</td>
<td>1,224/1,780</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>96,970/132,414</td>
<td>1,458/1,979</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>99,856/135,755</td>
<td>2,139*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>Not yet available</td>
<td>Not yet available</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*In 2016, the FBI Director approved the recommendation to discontinue the reporting of rape data using the UCR legacy definition beginning in 2017. Thus, this number pertains to the revised definition only.
## INSTITUTIONAL STATISTICS ON REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS UW SYSTEM

**Calendar Year**

**2018**

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<th>INSTITUTION*</th>
<th>CAMPUS acquaintances/not acquaintances/unknown</th>
<th>OFF-CAMPUS acquaintances/not acquaintances/unknown</th>
<th>TOTAL acquaintances/not acquaintances/unknown</th>
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</thead>
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<td>34/5/38</td>
<td>43/5/46</td>
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<td>13/0/0</td>
<td>22/1/1</td>
<td>35/1/1</td>
</tr>
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<td>La Crosse</td>
<td>5/2/5</td>
<td>90/7/17</td>
<td>95/9/22</td>
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<td>96/14/215</td>
<td>110/16/222</td>
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<td>Stout</td>
<td>3/1/0</td>
<td>10/3/8</td>
<td>13/4/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Superior</td>
<td>1/0/0</td>
<td>0/1/0</td>
<td>1/1/0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Whitewater</td>
<td>15/0/1</td>
<td>19/1/36</td>
<td>34/1/37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>System Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>119/11/39</strong></td>
<td><strong>473/55/398</strong></td>
<td><strong>592/66/437</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*For the 2018 report, institutions included data from their respective branch campuses following the restructuring of the University of Wisconsin System. Previous reports included separate statistics for UW Colleges.

Note:

In the 2014 report, the categories of “campus” and “off-campus” incidents were clarified in order to present more accurate data. In previous reports, *Clery Act* definitions of “non-campus” and “public property” were included in the UW System report in the category “campus.” However, these *Clery Act* definitions do not correspond to the UW System definitions of what constitutes a “campus” location. It is possible that apparent increases in the reported number of off-campus incidents at some UW institutions may be due to these changes in definition.

The term “campus” for the purposes of this report is any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution’s educational purposes, including residence halls; and any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous, that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes, such as a food or other retail vendor.

The term “off-campus” includes non-campus, public property, and other; the category of “other” includes any and all reports of sexual violence that occurred off-campus at any time in a student’s life.

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## SYSTEMWIDE STATISTICS ON REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS
### UW SYSTEM

**Calendar Years 2009-2018**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>CAMPUS acquaintances/not acquaintances/unknown</th>
<th>OFF-CAMPUS acquaintances/not acquaintances/unknown</th>
<th>TOTAL acquaintances/not acquaintances/unknown</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>39/3/8</td>
<td>80/22/18</td>
<td>119/25/26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>51/13/4</td>
<td>106/42/37</td>
<td>157/55/41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>65/11/10</td>
<td>126/21/24</td>
<td>191/32/34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>59/8/15</td>
<td>94/24/85</td>
<td>153/32/100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>83/14/9</td>
<td>149/48/59</td>
<td>232/62/68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>97/7/17</td>
<td>211/33/88</td>
<td>308/40/105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>99/9/8</td>
<td>266/46/158</td>
<td>365/55/166</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>108/15/27</td>
<td>333/59/247</td>
<td>441/74/268</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>135/14/36</td>
<td>387/61/278</td>
<td>522/75/314</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>119/11/39</td>
<td>473/55/398</td>
<td>592/66/437</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Reporting categories changed in 2009 from the category “total/subset involving acquaintances” to “acquaintances/not acquaintances/unknown.”