

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN SYSTEM REPORT ON SEXUAL ASSAULT AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT 2008 Annual Report

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

BACKGROUND

Section 36.11(22)(b), Wisconsin Statutes, requires the Board of Regents to report annually to the Chief Clerk of each house of the Legislature on the methods each UW System institution uses to disseminate information to students on sexual assault and sexual harassment. The law requires UW System institutions to incorporate into their new student orientation programs oral and written information on sexual assault and sexual harassment, including information on:

- the legal definitions and penalties for sexual assault, sexual exploitation by a therapist, and sexual harassment;
- generally available national, state, and campus statistics on sexual assault, including statistics on assaults by acquaintances of the victims;
- the rights of victims and the services available to assist a student who is a victim; and
- protective behaviors, including methods of recognizing and avoiding sexual assault and sexual harassment.

In addition, each institution must annually supply to all enrolled students material that includes information on all of the above topics.

This law was enacted in April 1990; this is the eighteenth report to be compiled for the Legislature since its enactment. This report is shared each year with the Board of Regents Education Committee and then forwarded to the Legislature.

Section 36.11(22), Wisconsin Statutes, also requires that each UW institution annually report to the Wisconsin Office of Justice Assistance statistics on sexual assaults and on sexual assaults by acquaintances of victims that occurred on each campus during the previous year. At the request of the Board of Regents Education Committee, Appendix I of this report includes the statistical information that is sent separately to the Department of Justice Assistance.

DISCUSSION

Each UW institution provided to the UW System Office of Academic and Student Services information on the methods used to disseminate information to students on sexual assault and sexual harassment. In addition, each institution submitted examples of best practices in programming or services that assist student victims of sexual assault or harassment, and that offer education or training in protective behaviors and sexual violence prevention. The summaries provided do not include every event, program, or initiative related to sexual assault at

an institution. Rather, they indicate programs and services identified by the institution as their best practices or most notable efforts during the previous year.

RELATED REGENT POLICIES

UW System Sexual Harassment Policy Statement and Implementation (Regent Policy 81-2).

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All UW System institutions provide new students with oral and written information on sexual assault and sexual harassment during new student orientation programs, and provide continuing students with similar information through printed and electronic means.

Section 36.11(22)(1), Wisconsin Statutes, specifies that the materials provided should include the following information:

- the legal definitions and penalties for sexual assault, sexual exploitation by a therapist, and sexual harassment;
- generally available national, state, and campus statistics on sexual assault, including statistics on assaults by acquaintances of the victims;
- the rights of victims and the services available to assist a student who is a victim; and
- protective behaviors, including methods of recognizing and avoiding sexual assault and sexual harassment.

This report summarizes the primary methods used by each institution to comply with s.36.11(22)(1), Wisconsin Statutes. The summaries are not exhaustive of all efforts underway at the institutions. Instead, they summarize the programs institutions have identified as their “best practices” to respond to victims of sexual assault and to provide information about sexual assault and its prevention to all students.

Overall, UW System institutions are: (1) continually updating and improving the scope and quality of information provided to students; (2) integrating presentations, small-group discussion of the issues, and interactive dramatizations relating to sexual violence into new student orientation programs; (3) providing the educational and resource information required by s.36.11(22), Wisconsin Statutes, on the web or in print form; (4) offering educational programs addressing the topic in a wide range of venues, including residence halls, student unions, classrooms, student organization gatherings, and private housing facilities; and (5) establishing effective and important connections among campus Dean of Students staff, residence hall staff, police & security, counseling and health personnel, local police, community service agencies, and regional hospitals to address sexual violence in a coordinated manner.

This report summarizes the wealth of innovative programs and services that are provided to UW students, and the institutions’ continuing efforts to educate them about and prevent sexual violence.

SYSTEMWIDE INITIATIVES

In 2008, UW System staff collaborated for the fourth year with the Wisconsin Coalition Against Sexual Assault (WCASA), to assist with the annual conference on *Sexual Violence and*

the College Campus-Campus Safety: Everyone's Responsibility. The conference was attended by students, staff and/or faculty representatives from every UW System institution, as well as individuals from the state's private colleges and the Wisconsin Technical College System. The conference was held in partnership with the Wisconsin College Personnel Association. The 2008 conference was remarkable in the variety and depth of the information provided to participants. The topics included: fraternities working to end sexual violence; predators on campus; investigative strategies for sexual assault on and off campus; "arming your students with knowledge" about sexual assault; understanding and responding to unhealthy survivor behaviors; and how the "hooking-up" culture complicates sexual assault advocacy and education.

In February and March 2009, the UW System administered the third systemwide, biennial survey on alcohol and other drug abuse (AODA). This survey included four questions on sexual violence. One question asked if, since the beginning of the school year, the student had been pressured by someone else "to go farther than you wanted to go sexually?" The second question asked if, since the beginning of the school year, the student had pressured someone else "to go farther than that person wanted to go sexually?" The questions included the explanation that "the pressure might have been arguments or some kind of physical force (arm twisting, holding a person down) or threat of physical force." Each question was followed with another which asked if either party was under the influence of alcohol or drugs at the time.

The UW System has results from the 2005 and 2007 AODA survey, and these have been shared with the Board of Regents on two occasions. The 2009 survey has recently been completed and analysis is underway at the time of this writing. With only two years of data, an actual trend cannot be assumed. However, a small decrease can be seen between 2005 and 2007 of the numbers indicating that students were pressured by another, or that they themselves exerted pressure on someone else. In 2007, 5% of respondents indicated that they were pressured to go farther than they wanted (compared to 7% in 2005), and 1% of respondents pressured someone else to go farther than they wanted (compared to 3% in 2005). The figure of 5% of students systemwide experiencing unwanted sexual contact is consistent with national research regarding the prevalence of sexual assault among college populations (see appendix). It is hoped that, over time, the AODA survey results will provide a mechanism to track the prevalence of sexual assault, and to assess the extent to which the UW System's prevention efforts are having an impact.

Since 2006, the UW System has participated as a member of a core planning group to develop a Wisconsin Strategic Plan to Address Sexual Violence. This effort was sponsored by WCASA and the Wisconsin Department of Health and Family Services (DHFS) through a cooperative agreement with the federal Center for Disease Control and Prevention. At the request of the UW System, the group included representatives from several campuses in addition to a staff person from UW System Administration. UW System participation was important for ensuring that this strategic framework was also appropriate to, and addressed the needs of post-secondary educational settings. In 2008, UW System representatives participated in the ongoing Sexual Violence Primary Prevention Plan Advisory Group to assist in finalizing this plan for the state of Wisconsin. As of the writing of this report, a working draft of the plan is under consideration.

In April 2008, the UW System hosted campus representatives at an all-day workshop on sexual violence prevention. This workshop included two formal presentations on national and state initiatives that could be helpful at the campus level, as well as a resource fair for staff to come together to network and learn what is happening at other UW institutions. At most UW campuses, very few people are directly involved in sexual violence prevention and response efforts, so the opportunity to meet with and learn from colleagues across the system is an important and necessary professional development opportunity. The formal presentations focused on the above-mentioned prevention plan, and on the *Community Readiness Model*, a research-based assessment model developed by the Tri-Ethnic Center for Prevention Research at Colorado State University. The model provides users with a system to define the community where change is desired, to identify the change that needs to occur, and training in the use of specific tools to gather and evaluate information to determine the types of strategies that will most effectively bring about the desired change within that specific community.

The 2009 Sexual Violence all-day workshop took place on April 29 and focused on bystander intervention. The workshop, *Bystander Intervention: Taking Action*, featured Dr. Victoria Banyard, a Professor at the University of New Hampshire, and was open to campuses across the UW System.

INSTITUTIONAL SUMMARIES

Sexual assault is a complicated social problem and institutional prevention efforts use a range of approaches in an effort to understand the problem, educate students, encourage reporting, and change behaviors in order to prevent incidents. The following institutional programming summaries present examples of this range of strategies, including: educating students on the relationship between alcohol and sexual aggression; offering non-alcohol programming; providing educational programming on what constitutes sexual assault; training students to identify high-risk situations and danger signals within relationships; building connections with community prevention/response agencies and local police; actively encouraging reporting by victims following a sexual assault; and establishing reporting/investigative processes that do not re-victimize those who have been sexually assaulted.

UW-Eau Claire

Each year, UW-Eau Claire prints revised and updated information regarding Wis. Stat. 36.11(22)(2) in a publication called “Your Right To Know,” which contains extensive information: on the student *Right to Know and Campus Security Act*; sexual assault; the *Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act* of 2000; where and how to obtain assistance and help in case of emergencies; national, state, and local Uniform Crime Report statistics; and information required under Section 940.225 Wisconsin Statutes. Each student is given a copy of the publication during textbook pickup at the beginning of the year, and faculty are encouraged to use it as a resource in their classrooms.

The Party House program featuring both alcohol and sexual assault education took place on September 4, 2008. Approximately 1,600 of UW-Eau Claire’s 2,000 first-year students

attended the three-hour evening program. They experienced a series of scenes (drunk driving simulation, alcohol poisoning, etc.) on their walk to Davies Center, where they then participated in a series of interactive house party vignettes which included a sexual assault scenario. Next, the students travelled to Zorn Arena where they watched the 45-minute movie “Spin the Bottle: Sex, Lies, and Alcohol.” This program was a collaboratively organized and funded program sponsored by Activities and Programs, Athletics, the Center for Awareness of Sexual Assault, the Center for Alcohol Studies and Education, Housing and Residence Life, New Student Initiatives, the Dean of Students Office, Student Health Services, and University Recreation. This program continues to be one of the best received educational programs on campus. It is widely attended by first year students and is given many outstanding evaluations.

The Center for Awareness of Sexual Assault (CASA) continues to be an outstanding resource for the campus community. In May 2007, CASA hired a new full-time Victim Services Coordinator. CASA continues to collaborate with many on- and off-campus groups and agencies, including university and city police, and the Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) program. CASA also provides a support group for teenage women who have been abused or assaulted. CASA currently has 30 trained volunteers who staff a 24-hour crisis response line at 716-836-HELP. CASA is currently advertising its services in *Volume One*, and has posters in many campus and community locations frequented by the college community, such as nearby bars, coffee shops, and restaurants.

The campus continues its annual V Day campaign. Each year this project places a spotlight on sexual violence and violence against women. The Vagina Monologues event continues to draw large crowds of over 1000 people. Over \$6,000 was raised for the local women’s shelter as a result of the work on this project by students.

UW-Green Bay

In 2008, UW-Green Bay police adopted the Law Enforcement Protocol and Brown County Sexual Assault Response Team (SART) Law Enforcement Protocol. This team protocol was developed to provide a victim-sensitive coordinated response to sexual assault reports in Brown County. The response is designed to be compassionate, consistent throughout all jurisdictions, and collaborative in nature. The protocol is expected to increase reporting rates, improve investigations, and increase prosecution rates. The Brown County Sexual Assault Response Committee meets monthly to review investigations and assess the effectiveness of the Sexual Assault Protocol.

On October 1, 2008, a panel of Sexual Assault Center staff representing the Hmong, Native American, African American, and Hispanic communities presented “Cultural Implications of Sexual Violence.” The program was sponsored by Residence Life and the American Intercultural Center. This panel discussion presented information on sexual violence as it relates to various cultures. The campus continually advocates for diversity, in recognition of the importance of exploring cultural differences in serving victims of sexual violence.

S.A.V.E. (Spreading Awareness of Violence to Everyone) is a student organization formed in 2008 for the purpose of providing programming, education, and improved dialogue among UW-Green Bay students on the topic of sex. During the fall semester, the organization developed a

program series called “Creating the Green Light: Drinking, Sex and the Media.” Sessions were held four times during the semester and were open to all students. In addition to the program series, individual programs were held on specific topics, “Sex Defined” (October 2, 2008) and “Tell Me How You Like It” (November 13, 2008). “Sex Defined” included interactive discussions of case studies ranging from consent to sexual violence. “Tell Me How You Like It” was a program designed to help students learn to discuss sexual boundaries with their intimate partner.

“Sex Signals”, a two-person show of improvisational comedy, education and audience participation, was held during orientation on August 29, 2008. Designed primarily for freshman, but also attended by Resident Assistants and Student Ambassadors, this program presented an important message about date and acquaintance rape, and how to avoid potentially harmful situations. Following this program, UW-Green Bay staff presented additional information sexual assault and sexual harassment, as required.

“Sex with Sue,” a program focused on safe sex practices and sex education, was attended by over 1300 UW-Green Bay students on February 13, 2008, in the Weidner Center. The program is led by Sue Johanson, considered Canada’s foremost sexual educator and counselor, and a registered nurse and author of several books on sex education. During this very popular program, Sue answers any question on the topics of sex and relationships in addition to providing safe sex information.

UW-La Crosse

Since January 2007, the campus has had a Violence Prevention Specialist (VPS) funded by a grant from the Office of Violence Against Women. The goal of the grant is to change the campus culture regarding violence against women. The VPS offers advocacy and support to students, faculty and staff affected by sexual assault, relationship violence, or stalking, and works closely with other campus and community service providers, including the Office of Student Life, Counseling and Testing, campus and community law enforcement agencies, and campus and community health services, to ensure that the needs of each victim are met. Approximately fifty students have used advocacy services since the beginning of the grant period, which represents a significant increase in the number of students seeking help for these issues since the program began.

In addition, the objectives of the grant include mandatory training for all incoming students, annual training for campus law enforcement and judicial hearing committees, the development of a Coordinated Community Response (CCR) Team on campus, and ongoing prevention education for all students. The current grant period expires on June 30, 2009.

The VPS gives approximately 70 classroom presentations per year about sexual violence and other forms of violence against women, with an emphasis on bystander intervention. As part of the presentation, groups of students are given scenarios from the “Mentors in Violence Prevention (MVP)” curriculum, and asked to come up with possible interventions. Most of UW-La Crosse’s 100 (Freshman Seminar) instructors request this presentation each year.

The VPS also works closely with Residence Life staff, providing yearly training and ongoing support through a D2L (online) course. Resident Assistants are encouraged to do anti-

sexual violence programming in the halls, and to rely on the VPS as a resource. As a result, there has been a significant increase in the number of referrals coming from Residence Life staff in 2008.

A Peer Education Course (1-3 credits) is being developed that will train interested students on several issues, including sexual assault prevention. Students who successfully complete the course will have the option of giving presentations to classes and student groups throughout campus.

In September 2008, the Community Health Specialist, Violence Prevention Office, and Campus Programming Board teamed with numerous other campus departments and student organizations to bring Byron Hurt to campus as an early kick-off to domestic violence awareness month. Hurt spoke to a class and met with student leaders before the evening presentation and discussion of his film, "Beyond Beats and Rhymes," which takes a critical look at the negative messages about women and violence present in some hip-hop music. The event was heavily promoted, especially to new students, through Welcome Week materials and letters to faculty. Many instructors suggested that students attend, and some required attendance. The event sold out (900+), and the results of a follow-up survey that was administered on-line revealed that the presentation engendered a lot of thought-provoking discussion on campus.

UW-Madison

The Student Advocacy and Judicial Affairs (SAJA) unit within the Dean of Students Office provides assistance for victims of sexual assault and access to the student disciplinary process. Assistant Deans in SAJA assist victims with the following: safety issues/planning, reporting options, academic concerns, relocation, referrals to both on- and off-campus resources, and support through the student disciplinary process. Assistant Deans work collaboratively with campus and community agencies (Rape Crisis Center, University and City Police Detectives on Sensitive Crimes, Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANE), Victims Services in the District Attorney's Office, etc.) in order to support victims. SAJA staff provided numerous campus-wide trainings for faculty, staff, and students; topics included sexual assault, dating/domestic violence, and stalking. The audiences for these included a social work class, educational leadership and policy administration class, and professional development sessions for faculty and staff.

The Rape Crisis Center (RCC) Satellite Office on campus continues to provide valuable service to the UW-Madison community. The satellite office provides easy access to students and affords the institution the opportunity to partner with other initiatives, i.e., the Campus Women's Center, on a jointly sponsored walk in support of victims. For a third year, the RCC will also provide Thai Chi as a Healing Art program to sexual assault victims from campus.

Promoting Awareness and Victim Empowerment (PAVE) is a student organization dedicated to ending sexual assault and dating violence through education and activism. PAVE serves between 4,000-6,000 students each year, including new members of the fraternity and sorority systems. Those served by PAVE are more likely to know about options for victims, respond to disclosures in compassionate ways, and understand the dynamics and definitions of sexual assault. Volunteer and staff peer educators (60 individuals total) offer free one-hour,

evidence-based workshops to students, faculty, and staff, focusing on definitions/dynamics, gender roles, consent, resources for victims, and healthy/protective behaviors. After participating in a PAVE workshop, 65% of those surveyed said they were more likely to intervene in a friend's behavior if they saw him or her being abusive to a partner. Additionally, PAVE conducts public awareness campaigns, large campus-wide events, and media advocacy with student newspapers to ensure sensitive coverage of sexual assault and dating violence. In April 2008, PAVE hosted Aishah Shaidah Simmons, director of "NO! The Rape Documentary" for a series of lectures, workshops, and documentary screenings about the impact of sexual assault in African American communities. In partnership with the Dane County Rape Crisis Center and the Campus Women's Center, PAVE also sponsored "Take Back the Night," an event designed to empower victims to speak out about their experiences. In fall 2008, PAVE hosted Ben Atherton-Zeman for a production of "Voices of Men," a one-act play that focuses on masculinity, respect, and activism (<http://uwpave.rso.wisc.edu/>).

Greek Men for Violence Prevention (GMVP) is a one-credit, seven-week class sponsored by the School of Social Work and University Health Services, designed by and for college fraternity men. The course is peer-led by fraternity men and feminist women, and explores the intersections of masculinity, homophobia, and sexual/dating violence. Key topics include: bystander intervention, supporting a survivor, and creating counter stories of masculinity. In 2008, GMVP served 45 students. This program is supported in part through the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) and a Prevention DELTA grant in Dane County, which is administered by the Wisconsin Coalition Against Domestic Violence (WCADV).

UW-Milwaukee

At UW-Milwaukee, key persons from the campus Police Department, Norris Health Center, Women's Resource Center (WRC), University Housing, LGBT Resource Center, and other departments provide support services to students, serve together on related committees and communicate regularly regarding sexual assault and AODA education and prevention. The impact of this collaboration includes the reduction of duplicated services, a comprehensive and cooperative approach to problem-solving, programming that is inclusive of diverse populations, increased ease of referral processes, and greater accuracy of information shared about each others' respective departments.

Similarly, key university staff and departments demonstrate a commitment to sustaining partnerships with community organizations that provide related services which allow staff to leverage additional support for students, provide more informed and culturally appropriate referrals, effect change on various levels, keep current with new practices and services, and create new programs based on a greater awareness of needs. For example, the Women's Resource Center (WRC) participates in the Milwaukee Area Sexual Assault Providers Network; the campus LGBT Resource Center works closely with The Milwaukee LGBT Community Center's Anti-9 Violence Project; and Norris Health Center coordinates the Annual UW-Milwaukee Campus and Communities United Against Violence Resource Fair.

The UW-Milwaukee Women's Resource Center (WRC) provides a welcoming and safe environment for survivors of sexual assault and harassment. Professional staff provides

information and referral, personal support, crisis intervention, counseling, and advocacy services for students who have been assaulted or harassed, as well as to others affected by their experiences, such as roommates, friends, and family members. The WRC also works closely with the Healing Center and the BOSS (“Be on the Safe Side”) program to ensure that free support groups for women survivors of sexual violence at The Healing Center are accessible to UW-Milwaukee students. The WRC delivers educational presentations pertaining to sexual assault and sexual harassment to classes, to student and staff for training as part of campus programs and events, as well as in the community. The WCR demonstrates a commitment to inclusion and diversity when addressing sexual violence, attending to the intersections of gender, sexuality, and race. In 2008, the WRC in collaboration with Norris Health Center and the UW-Milwaukee Multicultural Student Center, facilitated a screening and discussion of the film “Searching for Angela Shelton,” which focuses on the impact of sexual violence against women and girls in American society. As part of the Women’s History Month *Women without Borders* film series, the WCR co-sponsored a film screening of “Rape in the Congo: The Greatest Silence.” The WRC also co-sponsored a “Writing to Heal” Workshop for survivors of sexual violence with FORGE (a Milwaukee advocacy program for transgendered individuals), the Milwaukee LGBT Community Center Anti-Violence Project, and the UW-Milwaukee LGBT Resource Center.

The UW-Milwaukee Norris Health Center (NHC) provides walk-in counseling services and addresses medical concerns presented by students reporting incidents of sexual assault. NHC staff also facilitates referrals to the Aurora Sinai Samaritan Sexual Assault Treatment Center (SATC). Staff at the SATC collects forensic evidence that could assist in the possible identification and prosecution of perpetrators.

On April 15, 2008, the Fifth Annual UW-Milwaukee Campus and Communities United Against Violence Resource Fair took place in collaboration with the UW-Milwaukee Peer Health Advocates, Women’s Resource Center, LGBT Resource Center, University Police, Union Programming, and LGBT Community Resource Center. The Resource Fair included other campus departments and community organizations that provide support services to survivors of sexual assault. The Resource Fair was attended by 300 students.

UW-Oshkosh

The UW-Oshkosh Dean of Students staff spearheads a weekly Victim Services Coordination Team meeting with representatives from Residence Life, the Counseling Center, Student Health Center, University Police, Affirmative Action Office, and advocates from the Campus Violence Prevention Program to review current sexual assault and sexual harassment cases (including dating violence and stalking). The group discusses possible support, counseling, and assistance for the victim as well as sanctions and procedures for the accused.

In September 2008, over 400 UW-Oshkosh students, staff, and community members participated in the annual Fox Valley “Take Back the Night” activities, which included survivor speeches, music, a resource fair on campus, and a ten-block march from campus to downtown Oshkosh.

The UW-Oshkosh Counseling Center provides educational and therapeutic services to students who experience sexual assault in a safe and confidential setting where victims can discuss options, find support, and work toward overcoming the consequences of sexual assault. The Center also acts as liaison to the University and its community partners including REACH Counseling Services, the 3-County Fox Valley Sexual Assault Response Team, Wisconsin Coalition Against Sexual Assault, Christine Ann Domestic Abuse Center, and the Winnebago County Coordinated Response to Domestic Violence team. The Center provides training for professional and student staff in Residence Life regarding recognition of, and effective response to victims of sexual assault, sexual harassment, dating violence and stalking. The Center and the Employee Assistance Program collaborate with the Affirmative Action Office to provide training to faculty, academic, and classified staff to recognize and respond effectively to student and employee victims of sexual assault, sexual harassment, dating violence, and stalking.

Additionally, the Counseling Center partners with REACH Counseling Services, the local service provider, to provide an on-campus sexual assault Victim Advocate. The advocate is employed by REACH Counseling Services through a VAWA Grant administered by the Office of Justice Assistance. The advocate provides students with supportive services for dealing with sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, dating, and domestic violence. The advocate also: provides victims with support and information about legal and disciplinary options against perpetrators; accompanies victims to help them speak up for their rights in any community or campus actions they might choose to pursue; provides them with ongoing support and information through 24-hour crisis support; attends medical or legal appointments with them; and helps with safety planning. Safety planning includes helping victims to file restraining or no-contact orders, and making changes in residence hall or classes to avoid contact with the person who hurt them. The advocate is also a point of first contact for dating, domestic violence, and traumatized victims of other crimes. The advocate serves as a conduit to connect dating/domestic violence victims with community domestic violence advocacy services.

Campus for Awareness and Relationship Education (CARE) is a peer education program coordinated through the Counseling Center, which focuses on awareness and prevention of sexual assault. In addition to serving as a campus resource on the topic of sexual assault and other forms of violence, CARE staff and student volunteers offer presentations that are available to all university student groups, classes, and community organizations. CARE continues to train all Residence Life Community Advisors (CAs) each year. Likewise, Men's Educational Network for Campus Awareness and Relationship Education's (MENCARE) aims to open a line of communication to encourage men to speak out against violence against women on the UW-Oshkosh campus. This initiative works to inspire more men to take a stand against men's violence and to play an active role in promoting healthy, vibrant relationships. CARE and MENCARE students present annually at the University of Wisconsin System Women's Leadership Conference.

Each semester, CARE and MENCARE sponsor a national speaker. In April 2008, Ben Atherton Zeman presented "Voices of Men." His campus trip included two classroom presentations to Criminal Justice and Social Work courses. He presented to 100 Greek members and made a separate presentation to the general community. In fall 2008, Anne Munch presented

“Did She Deserve It?” Her campus visit included a classroom presentation to a Criminal Justice class and a general campus presentation.

UW-Parkside

The brochure "Personal Safety and the College Campus" is available throughout campus. This brochure covers a variety of issues pertaining to sexual assault and sexual harassment, including general personal safety, general definitions of sexual assault and sexual harassment, concrete advice for victims, types of help available at the University, as well as a list of campus and community resources. The brochure also includes facts about sexual assault and directs students to the UW-Parkside web site where there is additional information, including local statistics.

There are also links on both the University Police and Public Safety and Student Health & Counseling Center websites that address the issue of sexual assault and resources available both on and off campus. There are links that lead to two pages (Campus Sexual Assault: Information Fact Sheet and OVC Help Series: Sexual Assault Victimization) which provide information and answer questions about sexual assault.

Orientation for new students occurs in two phases. Phase one includes academic advising and general orientation information. Phase 2 addresses many of the non-academic, co-curricular issues. In addition to new student orientation, UW-Parkside also posts varied informational posters around campus addressing the issues of sexual assault and sexual violence, and referring victims to the appropriate form of assistance. Resources for additional information on education or assistance in areas of sexual assault and violence are also available at various locations on the campus web site. These educational efforts are aimed at increasing awareness for the students on these issues, and bringing about a better understanding of the signs and symptoms of abusive relationships.

Services provided to victims through the Student Health & Counseling Center, involve working with victims on all aspects of their recovery from an assault. This includes personal counseling to deal with emotional issues (scheduled appointments and crisis calls), emotional support at the hospital, safety planning, assistance with potential academic hurdles as a result of an assault, and providing emotional support and advocacy should a case go through the criminal justice system.

UW-Parkside provides training for Resident Advisors (RA) and Peer Health Educators (PHE) regarding sexual assault awareness and the role of the students in these positions in assisting the victims of these crimes. This training ensures that RAs and PHEs are prepared in the event of a student reporting an incident of sexual assault or sexual violence. It focuses on these two student leadership groups as they are most likely to hear about or become aware of sexual violence/assault occurring on campus.

UW-Platteville

New students are issued written information in the New Student Orientation handbook , including the website link for detailed information on all topics required under 36.11(22). One of the informational sessions presented to new students during Orientation is focused on Campus Safety. University Police personnel emphasize self-protective behaviors, advise on sexual assault resources, and review sexual assault statistics with the new students. Counseling staff, residence life staff, student health services staff, and student affairs staff share in the presenting of this information to new students.

The orientation program format is one of verbal presentation to large groups of new students in the campus theatre, followed by a question and answer session. The written information is reviewed at this time. Four consecutive sessions are held on a single afternoon of the New Student Orientation. The primary goals are to teach self-protective behaviors to students, raise awareness of the risk of sexual assault, educate students about resources available related to sexual assault, and educate UW-Platteville's predominantly male student population of their role in preventing sexual assault and sexual violence. Each of the four sessions produces attendance of approximately 150 to 200 new students per session.

Individual counseling for student victims is available through University Counseling Services where two of the four counselors are women. The benefit is prompt support to any victim and guaranteed confidentiality. Residence hall staff is trained annually by staff of University Counseling, University Police, and Student Health Services to know how to respond appropriately to victims of sexual assault and how to program activities in the residence halls that educate and raise awareness for students about sexual assault, relationship violence, and sexual harassment. This group of more than 100 staff members has extensive contact with most of the student body on a regular basis.

On April 28, 2008, the UW-Platteville Student Health Services and the Grant County Sexual Assault Task Force hosted the presentation "May I Kiss You," by Mike Domitrz, a nationally recognized speaker on the topics of sexual assault and adult communication about sexuality. More than 500 students attended this program and it was extremely well received. The URL for the website about this program is: <http://www.canikissyou.com/>

In spring 2008, the UW-Platteville Student Health Services and University Counseling Services sent letters to campus administrators and to the head coaches of the men's athletic teams to identify male student leaders on campus who would be willing to raise awareness in the campus community about sexual assault. A total of 25 nominations were received. Each identified student was invited to attend a luncheon in their honor to encourage them to commit their time and energy toward the issue of promoting sexual assault awareness on campus. Sixteen of the nominees accepted the challenge to become involved. The men generated a list of appropriate ideas as to how they could address sexual assault awareness. Several events were held at the campus Student Center in April 2008 involving these men bringing more attention to the issue of sexual assault. For the fall semester, a professional photograph of a group of these men in a campus setting was produced, including a strong message about respecting women, and posted extensively throughout the campus.

UW-River Falls

The New Student Orientation program each fall at UW-River Falls includes a special educational session for all new students on sexual assault. This two-hour program consists of presentations by professional speakers. In addition, a pamphlet entitled *Sexual Assault and Sexual Harassment: Prevention, Resource Information, and Definitions* was distributed to each attendee. Included in this publication are sections on prevention, reporting, resources, victim's rights, legal definitions and penalties, reports and statistics, and related courses and programs. In September 2008, Maria Falzone came to campus and presented her *SEX RULES!* presentation. She discussed sexual assault with a "No means no, means NO" message. University staff attended trainings to reinforce campus and local services and resources available to students on both sexual assault and sexual harassment.

Various services are available for victims of sexual assault, most of which are offered collaboratively with community organizations. The local victim services organization is called Turningpoint, and provides free confidential assistance to survivors of sexual assault, abuse, and harassment, and offers services and support for victims, including support groups. There is also a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) program through which specially trained nurses are available to do forensic evidence collection exams at their own facility located in River Falls. The program includes victim support and advocacy, free or reduced cost exams, and follow-up support and guidance, whether the victim decides to report and prosecute or not. Medical follow-up after the initial crisis, including exams, sexually transmitted disease testing, pregnancy testing and emergency contraception, are provided to UW-River Falls students at two local clinics through contractual agreements with UW-River Falls Student Health Services. Free counseling services are also available for students through the UW-River Falls Counseling Services.

The Campus and Community Sexual Assault Task Force consists of members from SANE, Turningpoint, the River Falls Police Department, local county Victim-Witness Services, and UW-River Falls Public Safety, Student Health Services, and Counseling Services. The mission of this group is to collaboratively coordinate and enhance education, resources, and services surrounding the issue of sexual assault on campus and in the community. In fall 2006, the Sexual Assault Task Force completed a brochure (updated September 2007) on sexual assault resources and services available to students and community members. This is provided to students as a hard copy, and is available on-line for students and faculty/staff at http://www.uwrf.edu/studenthealth/documents/sexual_assault_guide.pdf.

UW-Stevens Point

Information required by Wis. Stats. 36.11(22), is provided to all continuing students via the UW-Stevens Point web site by the Office of Rights and Responsibilities. In addition, all campus departments are provided with annually updated copies of the document "Community Rights and Responsibilities," which contains the aforementioned materials. Students are reminded of the materials via electronic message-of-the-day announcements using the campus web services. Students are also told where they can obtain hard copies of the "Student Rights and Responsibility" Handbooks. Training is offered to all new faculty and staff (optional attendance) and Directors of

Student Affairs on Sexual Assault reporting. New students also receive this information during a mandatory orientation session prior to their arrival at UW-Stevens Point.

The new student orientation program consists of sessions that are spread out over 1 ½ days. Students and parents sign up for one of these sessions, and attendance at each session is limited to 150. The orientation program consists of presentations where both students and parents attend jointly, as well as sessions that are presented separately. The students are then assigned to one of 10 smaller groups. Each smaller group has a trained peer facilitator (orientation assistant). Orientation assistants receive two hours of training on relevant AODA and sexual assault information that is especially pertinent to the college student population. The training includes suggested small group activities to facilitate discussion among the new students on AODA and sexual assault.

In the smaller student groups, each orientation assistant facilitates a group discussion using the “Sexual Assault Knowledge and Attitudes” exercise (reviewed annually). This exercise features a handout in the student’s packet that contains a True/False questionnaire along with the correct answers and explanations. The orientation assistant asks the students to complete the True/False questionnaire and then facilitates a discussion among students. The questions address common myths surrounding sexual assault and are designed to correct misperceptions while providing fact-based information to students.

Student and professional staff on campus are trained in ways to communicate and refer students who have been victims of sexual violence to the appropriate resources. The trainings include immediate action, short-term action, and long-term action. Options are provided to the victim regarding personal recovery, as well as legal and systematic advocacy to prevent re-victimization. Providing options and follow-up care allows the student to take control, while having a support system available to them at all times.

Several organizations and offices on campus provide education and training for their members on issues of sexual violence. Greek-letter organizations, the Women’s Resource Center, and several athletic teams invite speakers to provide training throughout the year. Applicable resources (handouts and booklets) are available through the Student Health Service, the Counseling Center, and the Student Health Promotion Office.

Campus programming for sexual assault education and prevention is offered through the Student Health Promotion Office. Trained peer educators offer information to dispel myths and encourage discussion about preventing victimization or perpetration of sexual assault. These programs and topics are grounded in the most recent research and are process evaluated. The process evaluation and learning outcomes indicate that the information is valuable and students are able to identify risks and support systems following the program.

UW-Stout

The Campus Violence Prevention Project (CVPP), along with the Alcohol and other Drug Education Program, constructed a display, handed out brochures with information about violence against women, and talked to incoming students and their parents at the “Information Fair” held during summer registrations and “Survivor Stout,” which was part of freshmen orientation. As in

previous years, CVPP staff was able to visit all of the first-year residence halls and provide various presentations with first-year students on the topics of sexual assault, alcohol facilitated sexual assault, dating violence, stalking, and bystander intervention. Attendance for these programs continues to increase each year.

CVPP developed and maintains an educational website that all students, faculty, and staff have access to on the topics of sexual assault, dating and domestic violence, and stalking. This population also receives similar information through printed brochures and flyers. CVPP project members continue to work with academic deans to integrate these topics into classroom courses.

This year, CVPP and the freshman orientation staff decided not to offer “Your New Reality” (a program previously offered to students), but rather focused on collaborating with housing staff to offer information during “Party House.” The focus of “Party House” was to maintain a positive focus in messages delivered to students. This goes along with the “Smart and Healthy” social norms marketing campaign, which focuses on encouraging students to be “part of the norm” and participate in the safe, healthy behaviors along with the majority of UW-Stout students. CVPP staff was on hand to debrief with students as they left the “Party House.” At this debriefing, students had a chance to ask questions related to what they had experienced in “Party House,” including a scene of a sexual assault occurring at a party.

April is Sexual Assault Awareness Month and UW-Stout recognizes the importance of this month for its community. Students from the “Abuse and the Family” class, along with CVPP staff, organized “Take Back the Night” for UW-Stout and Menomonie community members. Feedback from attendees suggests that this event impacts everyone in attendance, bringing increased awareness to the issues of sexual violence and the resources available to those impacted by sexual violence.

The Men in Violence Prevention (MVP) organization continues at UW-Stout. The MVPs took the initiative to become a recognized student organization on campus, with the goal of reaching more male students to become involved in this strongly supported group. Males in MVP take on leadership roles, promoting the social norm of empowering other males to “break the silence” and be a part of the solution to ending violence against women.

In July 2008, the director and coordinator of CVPP, UW-Stout’s athletic director, and an investigator from Menomonie Police Department were able to attend the national Violence Against Women on College Campus training in San Diego, CA. This training focused on enhancing collaboration between the campus and the community in work with victims of sexual assault.

CVPP staff was invited by the Red Cedar Medical Center to provide training sessions to emergency room staff regarding victim services and medical advocacy. The ER staff requested and received more information on whom they could refer UW-Stout students to if they came to the emergency room reporting a sexual assault.

UW-Superior

The Women's Resource Center and Student Health and Counseling Services provide programs on safe sex throughout the year which include information on sexual assault and date rape. In October and November 2008, these two offices worked together to provide information about domestic abuse and sexual assault at tables during four UW-Superior athletic events.

The Center for Sexual Assault & Domestic Abuse (CASDA) is a non-profit organization that educates advocates and shelters victims. The shelter is located on university grounds and is staffed 24-7 by a professional staff. CASDA works collaboratively with the prevention committee, residence life, campus safety, student development and other offices on campus to enhance victim services.

The Dean of Students Office, Orientation Office, Women's Resource Center, Student Health and Counseling Services, Center Against Sexual & Domestic Abuse, Equity and Affirmative Action Office, and Campus Safety are all featured in UW-Superior's New Student Orientation programs and speak to the problems and concerns of sexual assaults both on and off campus. Sex Signals (a professional acting troupe) works with new students in an interactive session about sexual assault as well. Information is also provided in the Student Handbook, which is distributed by hand to each new student at orientation and discussed in small groups with the orientation group leader. The information during orientation touches approximately 375-400 new students each year.

UW-Superior houses the Students and Staff Against Sexual Assault Committee, which is recognized by the chancellor and provost as a standing university committee. This group is charged with assessing the needs of the campus regarding sexual assault, bringing programs to campus, and reviewing policies and procedures. In the past few years, this prevention committee has distributed tip cards to all faculty/staff and resident assistants in the spring and fall of each semester. The cards are updated and disseminated throughout campus on an annual basis, and are also posted in restrooms across campus. A campus website provides information on local resources along with tips on how to report and how to assist someone who would like to report a sexual assault. This site is linked to an anonymous reporting form as well. These initiatives were designed to increase reporting and to support victims of sexual violence. In addition to this work, the Committee plans a program for Sexual Assault Awareness Month each April which includes programs like:

- A resource fair with information about sexual assault in the student center (e.g., information from CASDA, PAVSA, Campus Safety);
- A White Ribbon Campaign by Men Supporting the End of Violence Against Women. Past professional speakers have included Bob Hall on Non-Violent Sexuality and Mike Domitrz and his "Can I Kiss You?" program;
- "Spin the Bottle," a movie and discussion on factors contributing to sexual assault facilitated by a staff member from the local domestic abuse center; and
- Organizing a bus for UW-Superior students to attend a "Take Back the Night" Rally in Duluth, MN.

The Students and Staff Against Sexual Assault Committee also worked with a psychology student to construct and facilitate a Student Sexual Harassment Survey to help gain

insight into UW-Superior students' experiences on campus as they relate to sexual harassment and unwanted sexual contact/advances.

UW-Whitewater

The University Police Services is a member of the Walworth County Multijurisdictional Sexual Assault Response Team (SART). All of the law enforcement departments comprising the team have at least one officer with specialized sensitive-crimes training. In the event of a felony sexual assault, if the original police agency's trained officer cannot respond, the other team members from other police agencies will respond. This increases the likelihood that a specially trained officer will be available to serve any UW-Whitewater students who contact law enforcement on campus or in Walworth County.

SART provides information and referral, support, transportation, and advocacy to students who have been sexually assaulted, and to staff, faculty, friends, and family members concerned about a sexual assault survivor. The team is composed of 6-12 staff, faculty, and graduate students who undergo an initial 8-hour training and a monthly in-service training. While all members are volunteers, the Coordinator holds a permanent staff position. The team also serves as a campus liaison with law enforcement, local hospitals, and sexual assault service providers in the community. Members take turns carrying a cell-phone 24 hours a day for one week at a time. This service is available 24-7, 365 days per year. It is free, confidential, and can be anonymous. Services are provided both over the phone and in person. Team members will accompany a sexual assault survivor to the police or hospital, if requested. Through donations, the team is able to help cover the costs for tests and medication at the University Health and Counseling Services. In addition to assisting students in crisis, this team benefits the campus by being a full-time resource to any students, staff or faculty with questions about sexual assault. SART members are very familiar with laws, campus disciplinary procedures, and victim services on campus as well as in the community. The team impacts the entire campus community by serving as a centralized source of information through both the SART phone number and its extensive web site. In 2008, the web site was visited 31,430 times, for an average of 86 times per day.

The function of the Sexual Assault Prevention Advisory Committee is to advise the Sexual Assault Prevention Coordinator on: identifying campus needs for sexual assault prevention efforts; setting biennial goals; designing a campus plan to meet the goals; suggesting departmental responsibilities for implementation; and reviewing progress, as requested by the Coordinator. An annual summary of programming and progress on goals is submitted to the Dean of Students. The membership consists of representatives from: Student Life and First-Year Experience, Career and Leadership Development, University Health and Counseling Services (UHCS), University Police, Intercollegiate Athletics, Women's Issues, Sexual Assault Response Team, Residence Life, Faculty Senate, Academic Staff Assembly, Whitewater Student Government, Residence Hall Association, Students at Large, and the Association for the Prevention of Family Violence, a community partner.

In fall 2008, the Sexual Assault Prevention Advisory Committee and a coalition of men's groups sponsored "How to Help a Sexual Assault Survivor: What Men Can Do." This program was developed by a rape prevention organization called "One in Four" and addresses men as

potential helpers, not as potential rapists. It is rooted in research that demonstrates the effectiveness of all-male, peer education. Participants viewed a DVD for college men by the “One in Four” male college peer educators, followed by a question and answer period conducted by UHCS staff and the distribution of information on services at UW-Whitewater for sexual assault survivors. The presentation was co-sponsored and attended by 120 members from UW-Whitewater’s Men’s sports teams, including baseball, basketball, cross country, football, soccer, swimming and diving, tennis, track and field, and wrestling, as well as members of Lambda Alpha Upsilon, the Karate Club, and the Warhawk Marching Band. Other male students from the campus attended as well.

UW Colleges

The required information as outlined in Wis. Stat. 36.11(22)(1)(a-d) is provided to new and continuing students through required orientation programs and electronically via student email accounts. Continuing students and new students not attending orientation receive the information through university student email accounts. All students receive the required notification that the Annual Security Report is available on the web, and that a paper copy may be requested. All new freshmen and new transfer students are required to attend a new student orientation program. In the event that a student is admitted after the last of these programs has been scheduled, they will receive the information in a follow-up mailing, thus ensuring that all new students have access to the required information. Continuing students are notified via campus-wide email.

The UW Colleges uses a variety of methods during its orientation programs to provide the required oral and written information to new students. Most Colleges campuses use student services staff to review the sexual assault information contained in the online publication, “Student Rights and Regulations,” and students are given the website where complete information can be found. Discussions concerning sexual assault, sexual harassment awareness and prevention, and safety on- and off-campus are included as part of new student orientation. Contact information is also provided for the new Mental Health Counseling Services on campus.

In fall 2008, the UW Colleges began contracting with treatment providers to provide on-campus mental health counseling services for students. A counselor is available for some hours each week to meet individually with students, and a student victim of sexual violence can now receive up to six counseling sessions from a licensed mental health counselor free of charge. The online publication, “Student Rights and Regulations,” also contains a community-based list of sexual assault resources. That same list can be accessed online in multiple locations.

The UW Colleges Campus Mental Health Counselors hold two educational presentations a year for students, and at least one of the presentations includes information about sexual assault prevention and protective behaviors.

The UW Colleges Alcohol and Other Drug Education Program website has a section on healthy relationships, sexual assault, and violence prevention that is available and advertised to all students.

UW-Sheboygan, UW-Marathon County, UW-Washington County and UW-Waukesha each have relationships with local agencies involved in sexual assault prevention and domestic violence.

These campuses, in conjunction with these agencies, sponsor a wide variety of events, particularly in October during Domestic Violence Awareness Month, and in April during Sexual Assault Awareness Month, to raise student awareness of issues related to sexual assault and relationship violence.

UW-Barron County, UW-Fox Valley, UW-Fond du Lac, UW-Marathon County, UW-Marinette, and UW-Marshfield/Wood County annually participate in the *Get Carded* Program sponsored by RAINN (Rape, Abuse and Incest National Network). The program involves students distributing information cards to other students. The cards contain information about reducing the risk of sexual assault, what to do as a victim of sexual assault, tips for men, and the telephone number for the National Sexual Assault Hotline.

Note: UW-Extension is not included in the institutional summaries. Since it is not a campus, UW-Extension does not hold orientation sessions for Extension program participants. UW-Extension students do not typically attend a campus, but instead participate in educational programs offered through county extension offices, continuing education and outreach departments across the UW campuses, or correspondence and web-based courses offered through Outreach and E-Learning Extension. Students who do take classes on a UW campus in partnership with UW-Extension receive sexual assault and harassment information through that campus.

SEXUAL ASSAULT STATISTICS

Section 36.11(22), Wisconsin Statutes, requires that information about programming and prevention be reported annually to the Board of Regents and forwarded to the Legislature. The Statute also requires that each UW institution annually report to the Wisconsin Office of Justice Assistance statistics on sexual assaults and on sexual assaults by acquaintances that occurred on each campus during the previous year. At the request of the Education Committee of the Board of Regents, statistical information that is required to be sent to the Wisconsin Office of Justice Assistance is also included in this report as part of this appendix.

The statistics are of the incidents of sexual assault reported to campus officials “on-campus” and “off-campus.” Although the Statute only requires data regarding assaults on-campus, the UW System has always provided data regarding the sexual assaults it is aware of that occur off-campus as well. The definition for “campus” that is used by all UW System institutions correlates with another report that each institution is mandated to make to the Department of Education in compliance with the federal Jeanne Clery Act 20 U.S.C. §1092[f].

As shown in the statistical summary that follows, the number of sexual assaults reported to the UW System has not varied significantly during the last several years. However, these numbers do not necessarily reflect the level of sexual assault experienced by students at UW System institutions. The Department of Justice, the American College Health Association (ACHA), the Wisconsin Department of Justice, local law enforcement agencies, and national organizations that do research on sexual violence are all in agreement that sexual assault is a seriously under-reported crime. Nationally, studies have shown that only 28% of victims report sexual assaults to the police (*Criminal Victimization 2000: Changes 1999-2000 with Trends 1993-2000*. Bureau of Justice Statistics, U.S. Department of Justice, June 2001). Similarly, a study in 1997 of students at twelve colleges and universities found that only 22% of rapes and 18% of sexual assaults were reported to any authority or office (Sloan, J.J., Fisher, B.S., & Cullen, F. T., 1997, “Assessing the student right-to-know and campus security act of 1990.” *Crime & Delinquency*, 43(2), 148-168).

Due to the problem of underreporting, there is every reason to believe that the number of *reported* sexual assaults does not reflect the total number of sexual assaults that take place. However, there are national surveys of college students that do provide relatively consistent results on the prevalence of sexual assault for college women. For example, the American College Health Association (ACHA) *2004 National College Health Assessment* study found that 5.9% of college women had experienced rape or attempted rape in the prior year, and 11.9% reported unwanted sexual activity. A major Department of Justice research report on *The Sexual Victimization of College Women*, published in 2000, estimated that 5% of college women experienced rape or attempted rape in an academic year, and 15.5% experienced some kind of sexual victimization. Using these studies, research would indicate that on a campus of 10,000 students, approximately 500 women will experience rape or attempted rape, and 1,500 college women will experience unwanted sexual contact each academic year. As mentioned earlier in this report, the UW System AODA survey of 2007 indicated that 5% of respondents reported they had been pressured to go further sexually than they wanted. This figure is consistent with the national research cited above.

The sexual assault statistics reported by UW institutions are also consistent with state and national data that show sexual assault is predominantly a crime committed by an acquaintance, not a stranger. In Wisconsin, in 2004, 88.9% of all sexual assaults were perpetrated by someone known to the victim (Wisconsin Office of Justice Assistance Report on Sexual Assaults in Wisconsin 2004: December 2005). National data from 2005 indicate that 75.8% of sexual assault victims knew their offenders (2005 National Crime Victimization Survey. U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics. December, 2006.). The reported sexual assaults from UW institutions show a similar pattern with the majority of reported sexual assaults (66%) being perpetrated by an acquaintance.

All UW System institutions are well aware of the problem of underreporting and are trying to raise the profile of sexual assault in order to encourage victims to report and seek assistance. Institutions that have been able to secure additional resources for sexual violence prevention and response programming have raised the profile of this issue on campus and have subsequently seen an increase in reporting.

**SYSTEMWIDE STATISTICS ON REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS, UW SYSTEM
Calendar Year 2003-2008**

Year	CAMPUS ² [subset involving acquaintances]	OFF-CAMPUS ³ [subset involving acquaintances]	TOTAL [subset involving acquaintances]
2003	70 [53]	66 [33]	136 [86]
2004	70 [62]	125 [85]	195 [147]
2005	64 [53]	124 [87]	188 [140]
2006	62 [50]	129 [88]	191 [138]
2007	64 [54]	127 [94]	191 [148]
2008	75 [59]	113 [66]	188 [125]

**INSTITUTIONAL STATISTICS ON REPORTED SEXUAL ASSAULTS, UW SYSTEM ¹
Calendar Year 2008**

CAMPUS	CAMPUS ² acquaintances/not acquaintances/unknown	OFF-CAMPUS ³ acquaintances/not acquaintances/unknown	TOTAL acquaintances/not acquaintances/unknown
Eau Claire	3/0/1	8/2/0	11/2/1
Green Bay	8/0/0	7/1/2	15/1/2
La Crosse	5/0/0	4/4/6	9/4/6
Madison	11/3/0	16/11/3	27/14/3
Milwaukee	0/2/0	7/3/1	7/5/1
Oshkosh	11/0/4	6/1/0	17/1/4
Parkside	3/1/0	0/1/0	3/2/0
Platteville	2/0/1	1/0/1	3/0/2
River Falls	1/0/0	1/1/0	2/1/0
Stevens Point	3/1/1	3/0/3	6/1/4
Stout	3/1/0	7/6/0	10/7/0
Superior	4/0/0	1/0/0	5/0/0
Whitewater	5/1/0	5/1/0	10/2/0
Colleges	0[0]	0[0]	0[0]
Extension	0[0]	0[0]	0[0]
System Total	59/9/7	66/31/16	125/40/23

¹ Sexual assaults as defined by Wis. Stats. §940.225 and §948.02

² "Campus" for this report combines reports from the three geographic categories of "campus," "non-campus," and "public property" as defined by the federal Jeanne Clery Act 20 U.S.C. §1092[f].

³ "Off-campus" includes reports that did not occur within any of the three areas defined above as "campus" or that did not include information regarding the location of the assault.