Week of 4/24/2023: Email to eligible employees

Subject Line: [ACTION REQUIRED] WRS-Single Payroll Transition Program application due May 1, 2023

Dear UW System employee,

If you are thinking about retiring before February 15, 2024, review this information about the WRS-Single Payroll Transition Program closely.

The WRS-Single Payroll Transition Program is a program designed to smooth the reporting of earnings to the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) because of the transition from the monthly payroll to the biweekly payroll. The Program allows eligible employees to apply for a one-time election to accelerate payment of wages for days worked at the end of their last full fiscal year of employment.

As a reminder, if you plan to retire between June 15, 2023 and February 15, 2024, participation in this program requires action by *May 1, 2023*.

The WRS-Single Payroll Transition Program will be offered annually through May 1, 2024 (application due date) for those who plan to retire before February 15, 2025.

How do I know if my WRS retirement benefit might be affected?

Your WRS retirement benefit may be affected by the transition from the monthly payroll to the biweekly payroll if:

- You are separating from service with UW System during one the next two fiscal years (2023, or 2024):
- You are including fiscal year 2022 as one of your highest years of earnings for WRS purposes; and
- You are eligible for the WRS formula benefit*.

*The final calculation, which is done after you separate from service, may change the method your benefit is calculated from money purchase to formula, so you may want to apply for this program even if your benefit may initially be money purchase.

How does the WRS-Single Payroll Transition Program benefit me?

The WRS-Single Payroll Transition Program allows eligible employees to apply for a one-time election to accelerate payment of wages for days worked at the end of their last full fiscal year of employment. This means wages will be paid in June for all days worked in June. This will result in higher reported earnings to the WRS for the last full fiscal year worked and address the timing difference of when earnings are paid and reported between June and July 2023.

If you are employed on a 9-month contract and do not have any earnings from summer session(s) and/or summer service(s) this program will not benefit you.

How did the transition to a biweekly payroll affect the timing of wages reported to the WRS? In July 2021, UW System transitioned monthly paid employees to the biweekly payroll cycle. Prior to July 2021, employees paid monthly were paid-to-date for all days worked within a month.

Employees paid biweekly receive a paycheck approximately two weeks after the end of the payroll period, which typically results in 26 paychecks during any given fiscal year (a fiscal year is July 1 to June 30). With the transition to a biweekly payroll cycle, employees received 25 paychecks instead of 26 for fiscal year 2022 (July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022) because employees were paid for all days worked in June 2021 on their June 30, 2021 paycheck. This resulted in a reduction in earnings reported to the WRS for fiscal year 2022 because earnings are reported to the WRS on the date paid.

Why is this program only offered for three years?

The WRS formula benefit is based on your highest earnings for three fiscal years. Once you are paid biweekly for more than three years and 2022 is not one of your three highest earning fiscal years, this shift in the timing of when wages are reported will not affect your final average earnings under the WRS formula method calculation.

More Information & Questions

To learn more about the WRS-Single Payroll Transition Program and access the application, review the following resources:

- WRS-Single Payroll Transition Program web page
- Frequently Asked Questions

If you have questions after reviewing the available information, contact your <u>institution's benefits</u> contact.

Sincerely,

UW System Human Resources