Thriving in Coldwater: Elaborating The Benefits of Higher Education in Wisconsin

Invited Presentation and Discussion with University of Wisconsin Board of Regents

Prepared by the

National Forum on Higher Education for the Public Good Center for the Study of Higher and Postsecondary Education University of Michigan

August, 2006



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Coldwater, Michigan





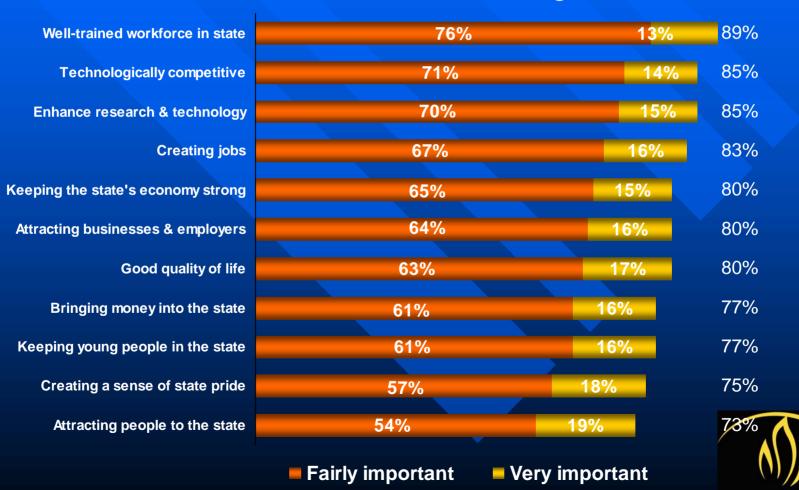
...to increase awareness, understanding, commitment, and action relative to the public role of higher education in the United States





Why Do Higher Education Institutions Matter?

Please tell me how important good public colleges and universities are to each of the following:



What Should Students Get Out of College?

What should a student gain from college?

(% saying "absolutely essential"...)

A sense of maturity and how to manage on their own

An ability to get along with people different from themselves

An improved ability to solve problems and think analytically

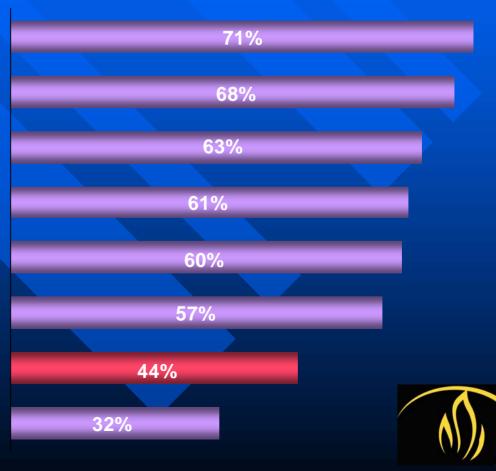
Learning hi-tech skills, such as using computers and the Internet

Specific expertise and knowledge in careers they have chosen

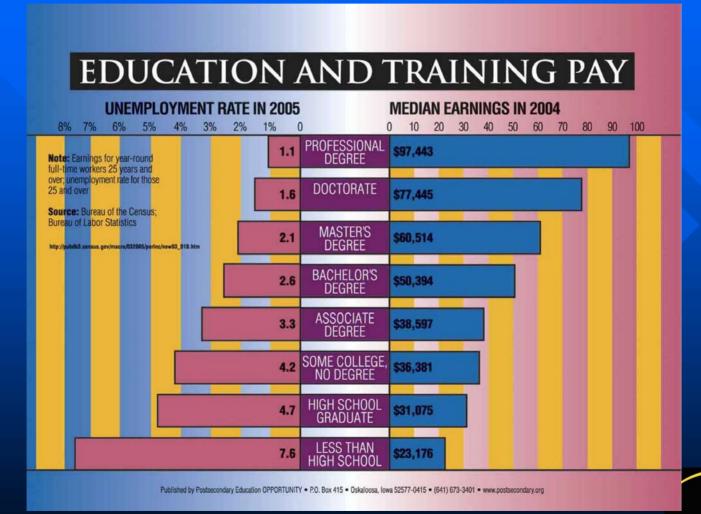
Top-notch writing and speaking skills

Responsibilities of citizenship, such as voting and volunteering

Exposure to great writers and thinkers in subjects like literature and history



Benefits of Higher Education Private and Public Economic Benefits





Higher Education Benefits Model

PUBLIC

- Increased Tax Revenues
- Greater Productivity
- Increased Consumption
- Increased Workforce Flexibility
- Decreased Reliance on Government Financial Support

PRIVATE

- Higher Salaries and Benefits
- Employment
- Higher Savings Levels
- Improved Working Conditions
- Personal / Professional Mobility

SOCIAL

ECONOMIC

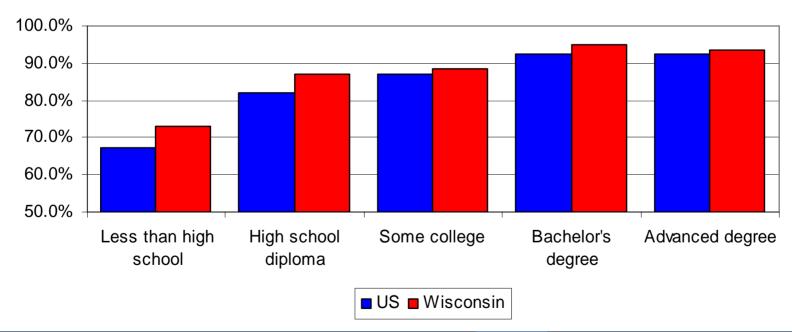
- Reduced Crime Rates
- Increased Charitable Giving / Community Service
- Increased Quality of Civic Life
- Social Cohesion / Appreciation of Diversity
- Improved Ability to Adapt to and Use Technology

- Improved Health / Life Expectancy
- Improved Quality of Life for Offspring
- Better Consumer Decision Making
- Increased Personal Status
- More Hobbies / Leisure Activities



Benefits of Higher Education Personal Health

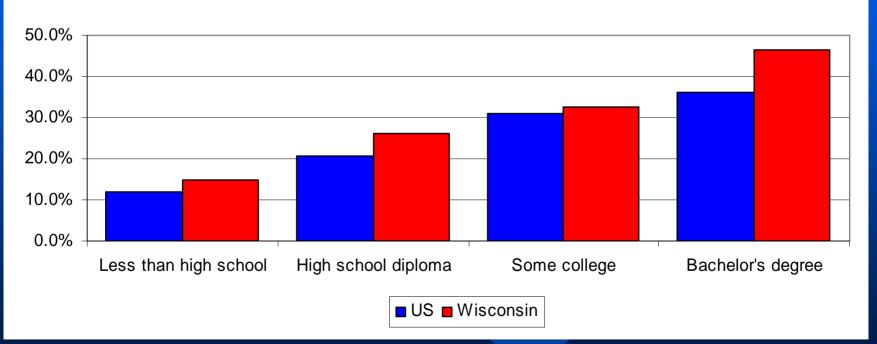
Percent population 25 & older who described their health as good, very good or excellent in March 2004 - Wisconsin compared to nation





Benefits of Higher Education Volunteerism

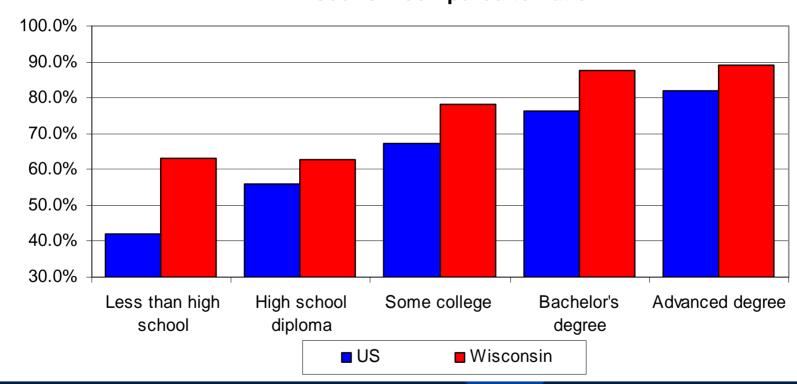
Percent population 25 & older in the labor force who reported ever volunteering for or through an organization in September 2004 - Wisconsin compared to nation





Benefits of Higher Education Voting Behavior

Percent population 25 & older who voted in the 2000 election - Wisconsin compared to nation

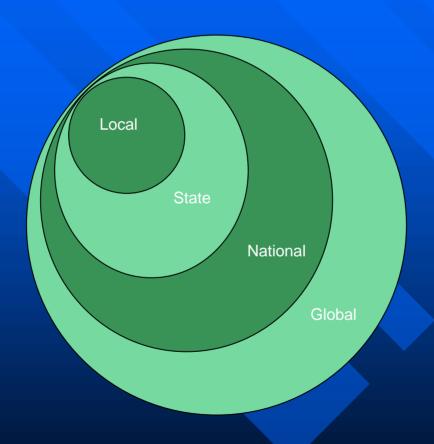


Additional Social Benefits

- More education, less smoking
- More education, more book sales
- More education, less likely to be incarcerated
- More education, greater intercultural competence
- More education in one generation, more in the next
- More educated residents, more attractive communities, magnets for diversity, entrepreneurs, less crime, more support for the arts, more tourism



Understanding Individual and Benefits in an Ecological Framework





Global Comparisons: Comparing International Investments and Educational Outcomes



Global Comparisons: Comparing International Investments and Educational Outcomes

- Working age U.S citizens 25-64 (28.9% have degrees)

 US ranks 1st
- Investments in higher education as share of GDP (2.7%)
 US ranks 1st
- Percent of HS Graduates Prepared for Tertiary Education
 US ranks 4th



Global Comparisons: Comparing International Investments and Educational Outcomes

Looking More Closely at Investments in Higher Education

Of the 2.7% GDP investment, only 0.9% is public: 12th

Current Degree Attainment (32.9%): 12th

Advanced Graduate Level Degrees Awarded: 14th

■ US is 1st in terms of degrees granted in Social Sciences, Business, and Law....but in Engineering 28th

Percent prepared for all postsecondary education

6th

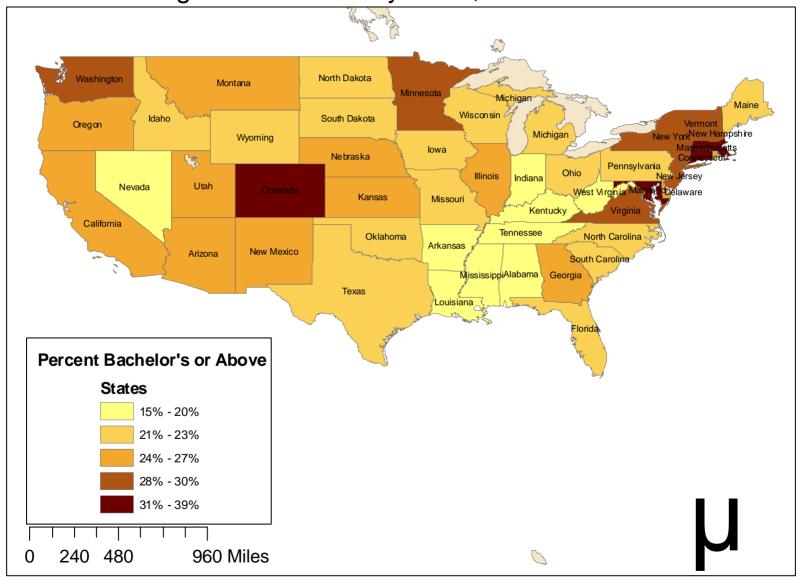


State by State Comparisons: Wisconsin in the Region and Nation

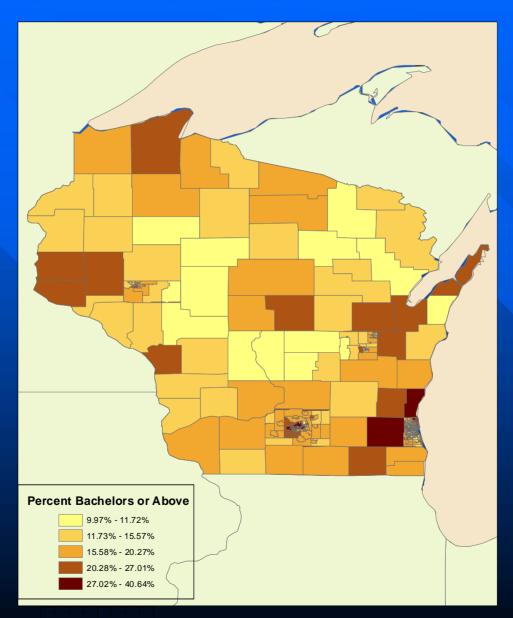
- WI is 18th in US Population (5.4 million); IL ranks 5th (12.4 million)
- WI is 18th in median household income (\$43,791); MN ranks 11th (\$47,111)
- WI is 15th in terms of state and local investment in higher education per capita; tops in the Region
- WI is 30th in percent of adults above 25 with Bachelors or above; MN ranks 12th



Degree Attainment by State, Census 2000

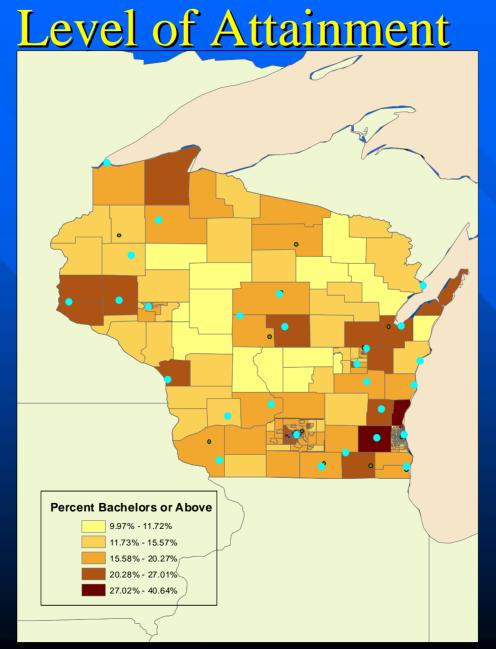


Wisconsin Educational Attainment





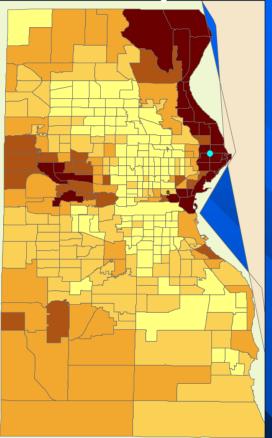
UW Institutions Across the State by



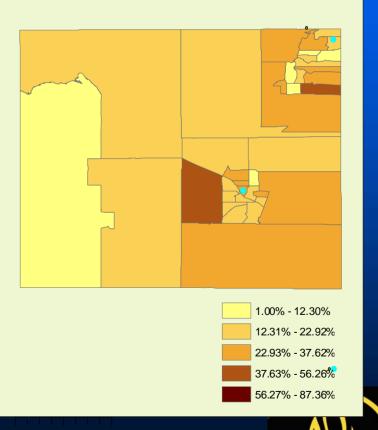


Community Matters...

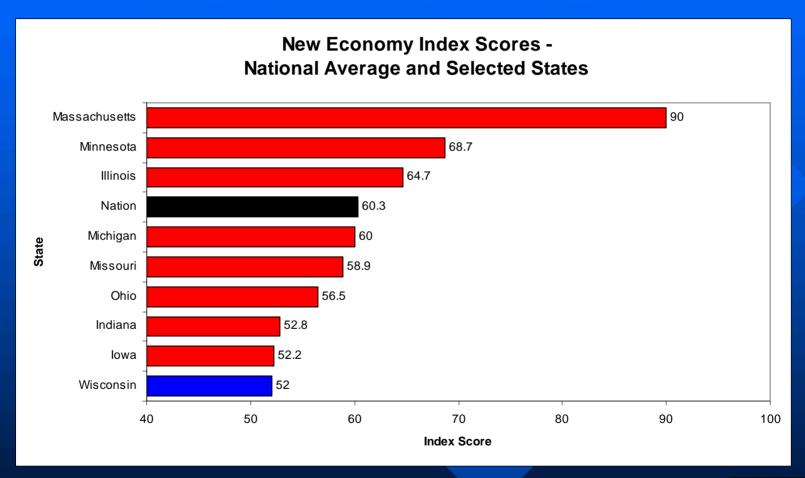
Milwaukee County



Winnebago County



The New Economy is Global, Regional and Local





What is Being Done?

- State policy initiatives
- Community based strategies
- National efforts



ACE Solutions Campaign

The Benefits of Higher Education are:

Private, Economic, Social and Public



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The New Economy is Global, Regional and Local





The New Tourism is Simultaneously Physical and International





Smart is the New Water





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